

## University of Calcutta

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## UNIVERSITY PUBLICATIONS



AUGUST, 1936

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University of Calcutta

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE

OF

UNIVERSITY PUBLICATIONS



AUGUST, 1936

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SIR ASUTOSH MOOKERJEE

## CALCUITA UNIVERSITY PUBLICA'I IONS

#### I. INDIAN CULTURE

A History of Indian Literature, by M Winternitz, Ph D., Professor of Indology and Ethnology at the German University of Prague, translated into English from the Original German by Mrs S Ketkar and revised by the Author. The only Authorised Translation into English.

This monumental work of Prof Winternitz is too well-known to need any introduction to the public. In order to make it accessible to those interested in Indian Literature but not well-versed in German, the Calcutta University has 'undertaken the publication of an English version. The whole work will occupy several volumes

- Vol I Introduction, the Veda, the National Epics, the Puranas and the Tantras. Demy 8vo pp. 653. 1927. Rs 10-8.
- Vol TT Buddhist Laterature and Jama Literature. Demy 8vo pp 673. 1934. Rs 12.
- Vol 111 In the Press.
- Some Problems of Indian Literature, by the same author. Royal 8vo pp 130. 1925 Rs. 2-8.

Contents The Age of the Veda Ascetic Literature in Ancient India Ancient Indian Ballad Poetry Indian Literature and World-Literature Kautiliya Arthasastra Bhasa

Sino-Indica, by Prabodhchandra Bagchi, M A., D.Lit.

Dr Bagchi has undertaken a series of publications called Sino-Indica Study of Chinese documents relating to India will be published in this series from time to time. As the researches

were begun in France, the first two volumes had to be written in French The forthcoming volumes of the series will be, however, written in English Only the second part of the "Le Canon Bouddhique en Chine" will be written in French.

Yol. I (Le Canon Bouddhique en Chine), Part I. (In French) Royal 8vo pp  $436 + \ln 1927$  Rs 15.

It is the first systematic work which deals with the history of translations of Buddhist texts into Chinese and their translators The work contains the biographies of all Indian, Iranian, Sogdian and other monks who went to China in the early centuiles of the Christian era A history of their activities, as preserved in the Chinese documents, is given The first part covers a period of six hundred years, first century AD to sixth century (589) AD The second part which is now ready for the Press will take the history down to the thirteenth century AD The third part will contain a comprehensive index of all Chinese and Sanskrit titles

Vol. II (Deux Lexiques Sanskrit-Chinois), Part I. • Double Crown 8vo pp 336. 1929. Rs. 15.

It is a critical edition of two ancient Sanskrit-Chinese lexicons of the sixth and seventh centuries AD, compiled by a Ser-Indian monk, Li-Yen, and a Chinese monk, the famous Y1-tsing

Le Canon Bouddhique en Chine, Tome I—" The author has brought together, everything he could, on the biographical notices of the translators and gives a register of their works. The large number of references to the literature that might come in question is to be specially congratulated. This assiduous work will have the recognition everywhere which it deserves, and it is hoped that the second volume may follow the first as early as possible "(Translated from German—Orientalistische Literaturzeitung, 1929, 2) 1929, 2)

- "His important work does honour to him and his teachers a fresh proof of the eminent talents of the Bengali race" (From French—Revue Bibliographique, 1928, October, Bruxelles)
- An important contribution These are some of the important informations from this historical study with which it is full " (From French—Revue des Sciences Philosophiques)
- "Work of great value that makes an important contribution to the history of Chinese Buddhism" (From French-Chronique d'Histoire des Religions)
- "He has been able to bring out this first volume of a magnum opus which vindicates once more the importance of Buddhism in the history of India and testifies to the sound preparation of the author. This is a schematical history of the spread of Buddhism and with it, of Indian culture into China. One of the best achievements of Buddhistic scholarship, the first contribution of young India to the systematic and comparative study of Buddhism."—Prof. G. Tucci (Indian Historical Quarterly, Vol. 2)

The Evolution of Indian Polity, by R Shama Sastii, B.A, Ph.D., MRAS, Curator, Government Oriental Library, Mysore. Demy 8vo pp. 192. 1920. (Slightly damaged) Reduced price Rs. 4-8.

Contains a connected history of the growth and development of political institutions in India, compiled mainly from the Hindu Sastias The author being the famous discoverer and translator of the Kautiliya Arthasastra, it may be no exaggeration to call him one of the authorities on Indian Polity

Contents I Tribal State of Society II Elective Monaichy III The Origin of the Kshatriyas IV The People's Assembly V The Duties and Pierogatives of the Kings and Priests VI The Effect of Jamism and Buddhism on the Political Condition of India VII The Empire-building policy of the Politicians of the Kautilya Period VIII Espionage IX Theocratic Despotism X The Condition of the People Intellectual, Spiritual and Economical

- The titles of the lectures will indicate the wealth of information contained in them. Some of the facts mentioned by M. Sastin will be an eye opener to most people, who are fond of imagining that Indians have always been 'vain dreamers of an empty day,' occupying themselves with things of the Great Beyond, supremely contemptuous of mundane affairs, regarding them as Maya, illusion. All desirous of knowing the conditions of life in Ancient India should read carefully this fascinating volume, which is one more evidence of the splendid work that the Post-Graduate teachers of the Calcutta University are doing "—Hindusthan Review, July, 1923
- Social Organisation in North-East India in Buddha's Time, by Richard Fick (translated by Sisirkumai Maitra, MA, PhD). Demy 8vo pp. 390. 1920. Rs. 7-8.

"Dr Fick's Die Sociale Gilederung im Nordöstlichen Indian Zu Buddhas Zeit has, for many years, been of invaluable assistance to all interested in the social and administrative history of Buddhist India But the ignorant of German were unable to make use of that book and their varm gratitude will be extended to Dr Maitra for his eminently readable translation. The book is too well known to need any review, suffice it to say that the translation is worthy of the book. Now that this scholarly work is made available in English, it should find a larger circulation "—Hindusthen Review, July, 1923

#### Contents

Chapter I Introduction The Biahmanical Caste-Theory.

Chapter II General View of the Castes The Brahmanical Caste-Theory in the Pali canon Theoretical discussions about the worthlessness of the caste The Essential characteristics of castes.

Chapter III The Homeless Ascetics Translation to the homeless condition a universal characteristic of Eastern Culture Causes & Asceticism

Chapter IV The Ruling Class The Kshattriyas Superiority of the Kshattriyas over the Brahmanas

Chapter V The Head of the State The chief representative of the Kshattiyas is the King General View The Duties of the King Limits of Royal Power

Chapter VI The King's Officers General View of Ministers

Chapter VII The House Priest of the King Historical Evolution of the post of Purohita His shale in Administration

Chapter VIII The Brahmanas General View of the Brahmanas according to the Jatakas The Four Asiamas Duties and Privileges of the Brahmanas

Chapter TX The Leading Middle Class Families The Position of the Gahapati the Setthi

Chapter X The Guilds of Tradesmen and Artisans Stage of Economical Evolution in the Jatakas Organisation of the Artisan Class

C

Chapter XT Casteless Professions

Chapter XII The Despised Caste\_

Sources of Law and Society in Ancient India (Thesis for the Degree of Doctor of Law), by Nareschandia Sen, M.A., D.L. Demy 8vo pp. 109. 1914. Re 1-8.

In this book the author traces the sources of Ancient Indian Law with reference to the environments in society and deals with matters regarding legal conceptions historically, initiating a somewhat new method, mainly following the one indicated by Thering with reference to Roman Law in the study of problems of Hindu Law.

Pre-Historic India, by Panchanan Mitia, M.A, Ph D Second Edition, Revised and Enlarged. Demy 8vo pp. 542 (with 53 plates). 1927. Rs. 7.

(For details see page 20.)

Some Contributions of South India to Indian Culture (Readership Lectures in the Calcutta University, 1919), by S. Krishnaswami Aiyangar, M.A., Ph.D., Professor of Indian History and Archæology in the University of Madras. Demy 8vo pp 468 1923. Rs. 6.

In the course of these lectures the author is making an effort to evaluate the influence of South India upon the main currents of Hindu Culture generally He considers the main problem in its varied aspects. The first important topic is the connection between the Aiyan north and the Dravidian south, that main point for consideration is the religious contact and the The Buddhist influence position of the Biahman in South India in this part of the country is found to be comparatively small, and the Brahmanism that is found established in the land is found to be pre-Buddhistic in point of character From this, under the influence of the new venue, Brahmanism itself undergoes a change towards the religion of devotion to a personal God intervening in Following this in a natural line ot people comes the worship of a personal derty in various forms, together with all the paraphernalia of that worship leading ultimately to that point of religion that holds the field named somewhat vaguely as Hinduism The literary influence is considered in a chapter devoted to the study of the peculiar Tamil classic the Kural Then follows a number of Chapters bearing on the history of the Pallavas which, from the cultural point of view, essentially the period of reconciliation of the two cultures Aryan and Dravidian Saivism and Vaishnavism are the two offshoots which, beginning perhaps in the moderate systems, developed schools of thought more rigorous and leading ultimately to the extreme forms of the two sects

The other topics considered are the administrative evolution of South India exhibiting features characteristic of the region and nautical enterprise and expansion of Indian culture beyond the seas. These important topics are dealt with in a way admit of easy elaboration.

"They are one of the first fruits of the policy of Calcutta University to create a department of Indian Studies—linguistics, archæology, anthropology and history Dr Alyangar writes with a piactised hand and with the discernment of an experienced seeker after historical truth, and his lectures form a contribution of some considerable value to the growing amount of literature on Indian Anthropological Studies Beginning with the coming of the Aryans which means the Brahmans, to South India, the author proceeds to describe, mainly historically, the main currents of culture. The author proceeds to analyse the influences exerted on and by South India when orthodox Hinduism was tainted by alien influences. From religion Dr Alyangar passes on to commerce, and devotes a considerable portion of this work to showing how South India is responsible for the spread of Hindu culture to the Eastern islands and even so far as China The author finally traces the type of administration which grew up in South India and which, as he points out, has left traces to the present day. The whole work

is full of interest to the enquirer into the early stages of Indian culture, it will be of much value to the scholar, and not without utility to the administrator "—Times of India, Bombay, Nov 14, 1923

Extract from Indian Antiquary, Vol LIII, for January-February, 1924 —

"Sir Richard Temple writes — They (the Lectures) are so full of valuable suggestions that it is worthwhile to consider here the results of the study of a ripe acholar in matters South Indian To myself, the book is a fascinating one and it cannot but be of the greatest value to the students, for whom the lectures were intended ""

Prof Hultzsch of Halle, for very near 20 years Epigraphist to the Government here, in cletter, dated 22nd August, 1923, writes —"I have again to thank you for a fresh volume from your pen which I have added to the other works of reference Your Contributions of South India to Indian Culture which will have shown Bengal scholars what a wealth of information has been and can still be gathered in the far off Tamil country and how many interesting problems are offered by Tamil literature and historical documents Your books have done much to arrange and combine stray and fragmentary facts and to make a cosmos of the chaos which southern history and literature used to be not very long ago—chiefly owing to the absence of any chronology"

Sir Richard C Temple, Editor and Proprietor of the Indian Antiquary in a letter, dated the 2nd September, 1923, writes —"I am much impressed with your Contributions of South India to Culture and I am making a precise of it."

Indian Cultural Influence in Cambodia, by B. R. Chatterji, D.Litt. (Punjab), Ph.D. (London). Demy 8vo pp 303. 1928 Rs 6

"Within this thesis there are probably assembled all the facts at pre sent discoverable concerning Indian influence in Cambodia. Mr Chatterji seems to have studied all the available inscriptions (of Cambodia) and he has tracked down an immense number of relevant passages in early Indian, Chinese and Arab literature. As a scholar writing for scholars Mr Chatterji seems to have done his work well. "—Times Literary Supplement, 6th September, 1928

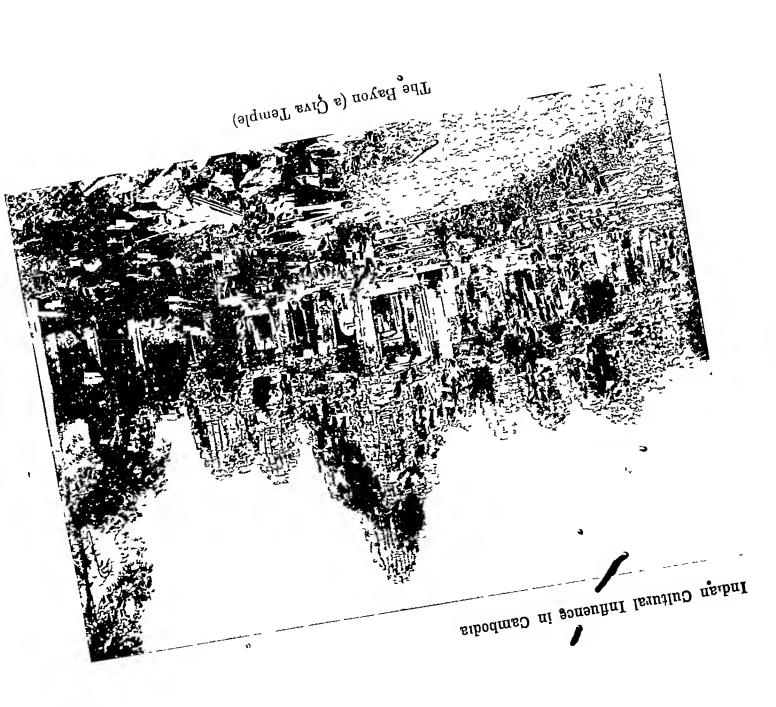
"I have read this book with the greatest interest A valuable and scholarly piece of work"—Sir E Denison Ross

"Dr Chatterji is the first to point out that from the 8th century A.D. onwards Pâla Bengal played a more important rôle than South India in Greyter India"—Modern Review, May, 1928

"A very able and scholarly piece of work "-Prof Dodwell

"His book is a very clear and exact resume of what we know about the political, religious and artistic history of Cambodia up to 1927—the year in which the book was written" (Translated from French) Bulletin d Ecole Francoise d'Extreme Orient 1931

Pre-Aryan and Pre-Dravidian in India, by Sylvain Lévi, Jean Przyluski and Jules Bloch. Translated into



English, by Piabodhchandra Bagchi, M.A., D.Lit. Demy 8vo. pp. 216. 1929. Rs. 2-8.

- "A most valuable book"—Sir G A Grierson.
- "It is a most valuable book, and I am very glad to possess a copy Indeed for some weeks I had been trying to find a copy of it in this country but had failed, so its arrival has been doubly welcome. It is most convenient to have the important essays of Levi, Pezyluski, and Bloch in one volume and their value being enhanced by the additional notes of Prof S. K. Chatterji and Dr. Bagchi himself."—Sir George A. Grierson
- "Dr Bagchi has performed a useful service in translating the important articles. The subject which is introduced is hand to buik more largely in the linguistic and historical investigations the work has been well done both in its quality and in its get up "—A C Woolner
- "Prof Bagch has not only translated these articles that, collected as they are in a handy volume, will be of greater use to everybody, but has also added a valuable introduction. In this introduction he has given a resume of the new branch of research, and has gathered with Prof S K Chatterji new and convincing facts "—Prof G Tucci
- Indian Ideals in Education, Philosophy and Religion and Art (Kamala Lectures), by Annie Besant, D.T., with a Foreword by the Hon'ble Sii Ewart Greaves, Kt, Demy 8vo pp 135 1925 Re 1-8
  - The lectures were delivered in the Calcutta University by

     Dr Annie Besant under the auspices of the Kamala Lectureship
    established in memory of his beloved daughter by the late Sir
    Asutosh Mookerjee, Kt, CSI
- Philosophical Discipline (Kamala Lectures), by Mahamahopadhyay Ganganath Jha, MA, DLitt Demy 8vo pp 179 1928 Re 1-8

E . "

- Contents Chapter I Discipline in Indian Systems (i) General (ii) Vedanta (iii) Purva-Mimamsa and other 'Hindu' Systems (iv) Buddhism and Jainism (v) Upanisads Synthesis of Indian Philosophy
- Chapter II Discipline in other Oriental Systems (i) Zoio-astrianism (ii) Mithiaism (iii) Taoism (iv) Gonfucianism (v) Egyptian Religion (vi) Babylonian and Assyrian Religion (vii) Judaism (viii) Christianity (ix) Islam
- Chapter III Discipline in Western Philosophy Greece and Rome Modern Philosophy Conclusion

Evolution of Hindu Moral Ideals (Kamala Lectures), by Sir P. S. Sivaswamy Aiyer, K C S I, C.I.E., LL D. Demy vo pp 224 + xix 1935 Rs 2-8.

The thesis of the author is the evolutionary character of the moral ideals of Hindus as embodied and reflected in their sacred laws, customs, social life and conduct. He shows that the moral rules and ideals which have obtained among them have not been immutable and stationary, but have changed and are bound to change, in the course of time in accordance with their social and economic environments The need of such adaptition is stressed as an essential condition of life in the modern world The author examines the defects ments of Hinduism and the value of the contribution of Hindu thought to moral culture He discusses the question of moral progress, the effect of the impact of western ideas and culture upon Hindu ideals, the drift of modern forces and tendencies and their bearing upon the future outlook of Hindu society The subject is treated throughout in the light of comparative thought and in a spirit of detachment. The author enforces his points by numerous references to parallel conceptions and practices in western countries

The History of Pre-Buddhistic Indian Philosophy, by B M Barua, M A (Cal), D Lit (London) Royal Svo pp 468 1921 Rs. 10-8

The book gives a clear exposition of the origin and growth of Indian Philosophy from the Vedas to the Buddha, and seeks to evolve order out of chaos to systematise the teachings of the various pre-Buddhistic sages and seers, scattered in Vedic literature (Vedas, Brahmanas, Upanishads) and in the works of the Jamas, the Ajivikas and the Buddhists

Prof Sir Sarvapalli Radhahrishnan, MA—" The only book of its kind No student of the Philosophy of Upanishads can afford to neglect it. The book shows accurate scholarship and deep insight on every page."

Madhya Yuge Sadhanar Dhara (Adhar Mkherjee Lectures for 1929, in Bengali), by Kshitimohan Sen, Sastii, MA, Professor of Indian Religion and Mysticism, Visvabharati, Santiniketan, with a Foreword by Rabindranath Tagore Démy 8vo pp xvi+135 Re 1-8

In this work the author has given for the first time an outline of the religious history of India during the Mussalman rule. He has criticised here the popular theory that India was

acquired by Mahomedan invaders merchy by means of the sword and has properly appreciated the part of the Moslem saints, orthodox as well as heterodox, in conquering India for Islam. This unique work is based principally on materials collected by the author from hundreds of religious shimes (including many obscure ones) visited by him during the last thirty years. Another feature of the work is that it reveals the natural love of spiritual matters on the part of common people of India. Those who like to have a proper idea of India, of the Indian people and their remarkably varied culture will have to read the book.

"Pandit Kshitimohan Sen's Madhua duge Sadhanar Dhara is just what could be expected from this magnificent scholar, unparalleled riches of information compressed in the shortest space"—Proj Sylvain Levi

- Viswa Vidyalayer Rup (in Bengali) Inaugural address delivered at the Calcutta University, by Rabindianath Tagore Demy 8vo pp 30 1933 As 8.
- Sikshar Bikiran (in Bengali), by Rabindianath Tagore Demy Svo pp 23 1933 As 8
- Manusher Dharma (in Bengali), Kamala Lectures, delivered in the University in 1933, by Rabindianath Tagore Demy 8vo pp 119 + ix 1933 Re 1-8
- Sakti or Divine Power, by Sudhendukuman Das, M A, Ph D (Lond) Demy 8vo pp 310 1934 Rs 3

An attempt has been made to trace the origin of the idea of Sakt, as Divine Power from Gnan of the 'Mother-goddesses' of the Vedas and show how it developed through the speculations of the Bialimanas and the Upanishads and finally eulminated into the Svetasvataia conception of full-bodied philosphical principle of 'Supreme Divine Sakti' belonging to od himself, hidden in his own qualities. It is an historical study based on original Sanskirt texts. It contains for the first time a thorough discussion on the philosophy of the Kashmire Trika School and that of the Lingayat School of Southern India from the texts both published and unpublished

Sri Aurobindo and the Future of Mankind, by Adharchandra Das, MA D/Crown 16mo pp 143 1934 Re 1

The author has interwoven into a connected statement the contents of a number of articles contributed by Srijut Aurobindo

۲,

Ghosh, on the true meaning of Vedanta Philosophy and has presented his book in a very interesting and attractive manner

- "Mr. Adharehandra Das in the Four Chapters of his book gives us a sound and clear account of Aurobindo's main views, and points out incidentally that they are based on the central principles of Indian culture. We are all grateful to him for bringing together in a brief and accessible form the main teachings of Aurobindo Ghosh "—Foreword, Sir S. Radhakrishnan
- "The book is well written and though quite small in size, gives a remarkably clear, and comprehensive account of Mr Ghosh's views —Hindu
- "Mr Das has made a close study of Aurobindo's writings and has published a remarkable book "—Advance
- "This little book deserves a eareful reading masmuch as it proposes to appreciate and criticize Sri Aurobindo's philosophy, which so far as we are aware, has not yet been attempted by any "—Prabhuddha Bharata or Awakened India
- Ancient Indian Numismatics (Carmichael Lectures, 1921), by Piof D R Bhandarkai, MA, PhD, FASB, Carmichael Professor of Ancient Indian History and Culture, Calcutta University Demy 8vo pp 241 Rs 4-14

The book contains a course of lectures on Numismatics, a part of Archaeology, delivered by the Professor in 1921. The subjects of the lectures are as follows

- I Importance of the Study of Numismatics
- II Antiquity of Coinage in India
- III Karshapana its Nature and Antiquity
- IV Science of Coinage in Ancient India
  - V History of Coinage in Ancient India

#### II. ANCIENT INDIAN TEXTS

Rigveda Hymns (with the commentary of Sayana) Demy 8vb pp 136 Rs 2-13

Manu Smriti, by Mahamahopadhyaya Ganganath Jha, M A, D Litt, Vice-Chancellor, Allahabad University

The work is an English translation of the commentary of Medhatithi on the Institutes of Manu. The two editions that had already been published, viz, one by V N Mandlik and the other by G R Gharpure, being considered avowedly defective on account of a hopeless muddling of the text, Dr Jha

- collected manuscripts from various places, and, with the help of these manuscripts, made out an intelligible text, and then proceeded with the work of translation •
- Vol I, Part I Comprising Discourse I and 28 verses of Discourse II Royal 8vo pp 266. 1920 Rs 6
- Vol I, Part II Comprising verses XXIX to end of Discourse II Royal 8vo pp. 290. 1921. Rs 6.
- Vol II, Part I Comprising the whole of Discourse III. Royal 8vo pp. 304. 1921 Rs. 6
- Vol II, Part II Comprising Discourse IV Royal 8vo pp 208 1921 Rs 6
- Index to Vols I and II Royal 8vo pp 148 1922 Re 1-8
- Vol III, Part I Compusing Discourses V and VI Royal 8vo pp 278 1922 Rs 6
- Vol III, Part II Comprising Discourse VII and the Index to the whole of Vol III. Royal 8vo pp 206. 1924
  Rs. 7
- Vol IV, Part I Comprising a portion of Discourse VIII. Royal 8vo pp 252 1925 Rs 8
- Vol IV, Part II Comprising Discourse VIII and Index To Vol IV Royal 8vo pp 238 1926 Rs 7-8
- Vol V Comprising Discourses IX to XII Refal 8vo pp 709 1926 Rs. 12-8.
- Manu Smriti, Notes, by the same author

Besides printing the five volumes of Manu Smriti comprising translation of Medhatithi, it was decided to print separate volumes comprising Notes by the same author. The notes have been divided into three parts. Part I Textual dealing with

the readings of the texts and allied matters, Part II Explanatory containing an account of the various explanations of Manu's text, provided not only by its several commentators, but also by the more important of the legal digests, such as the Mitakshara, the Mayukha, and the rest, Part III Comparative setting forth what the other Smits Apastamba, Bodhayana, etc., have got to say on every one of the more important topics dealt with by Manu

Part I Textual Royal 8vo pp. 569 1924 Rs 12

Part II Explanatory Royal 8vo pp 870 1925 Rs 15

Part III Comparative Royal 8vo pp 937 1929 Rs 15

Whole set (including Notes). Rs. 50.

Inscriptions of Asoka, by Piof D R Bhandaikai, M A, Ph.D, F.ASB, Caimichael Professor of Ancient Indian History and Culture, Calcutta University, and S. N Majumdar, M A, Ph D, Asst. Professor of Indian History, Calcutta University Crown 8vo pp 104 1920. Rs 4-4.

The valious texts of the rock, pillar, cave and other inscriptions are given in parallel lines to enable the student to compare the different readings at a glance

- Barhut Inscriptions, edited and translated with critical notes, by B M Barua, M A, D Lit. (Lond), and Kumar Gangananda Sinha, M A Crown 4to pp 139 1926. Rs. 3
  - E J Thomas, Under Librarian, Cambridge University Library —" I find the book an extremely useful one, both because it makes accessible an important collection of inscriptions, and also for the great amount of leaining and research which the authors have embodied in it
  - "The work constitutes a long step forward both as regards our actual knowledge of the inscriptions, as well as in the grammatical analysis and the palaeographical studies"
  - H U1, of the Tohoku Imperial University, Japan —" 'In the work the inscriptions are critically investigated, accurately explained and well arranged, so that the work is highly important for the study of the paleo graphical and linguistical development and specially the history of early Buddhism"
  - E Washburn Hopkins, of the Yale University —"I have gone carefully through the volume of Dr Benimadhab Barua and regard it as a most

useful contribution well worthy of publication. The arrangement of the inscriptions in accord with their subject matter is a great convenience and the explanatory notes are all that can be desired."

Prof Dr F O Schrader, of Kiel —" This is a useful publication full of interesting details on which both its authors and the University may be congratulated. The printing too is admirably done"

Prof Hermann Jacob: —" many students will be thankful for the various information in Section III, partly reproduced from different sources and parely supplied by the Editors themselves"

L D Barnett —" The book shews great learning and industry, and will certainly be useful to students"

Old Brahmi Inscriptions in the Udayagiri and Khandagiri Caves, by Prof Benimadhab Barua, M.A, Part Royal 8vo pp 324 Rs 7-8

A critical edition of fourteen ancient Brahmi inscriptions and a table of Brahmi alphabet, the inscriptions including the well-known Hathigumpha inscription of King Kharavela. A comprehensive work which contains exhaustive references to all previous publications on the subject, and is calculated to create a real landmark for the new readings, and especially for the notes dealing with the personal history of Kharavela of Orissa, his place in history, and his imperishable works of art and architecture in the rough-hewn Orissan caves on the Udayaguri and Khandagiri Hills

## III. INDIAN ART AND ICONOGRAPHY

Vishnudharmottara, by Di Stella Kramrisch, Ph D, second and revised edition Royal 8vo pp. 130 1928
Rs 3

It contains one of the oldest and most exhaustive treatises on ancient Indian painting, its technique, subject-matter and form

Brahmanical Gods in Burma (A chapter of Indian Alt and Iconography), by Nihairanjan Ray, MA Royal Svo pp. 106, with 23 plates, 1932 Rs. 2-4

This monograph is an outcome of the studies and researches made by the author in the domain of Burmese Art, Archaeology and History. The materials were collected by him during the archaeological tours that he had made throughout Burma in 1927 and 1929. He has made a detailed analytical study of the numerous Brahmanical images scattered all over the Pennsula

and has tried to bring out fully their iconographic significance and their bearing upon early Indo-Burmese historical and cultural relations

#### IV. HISTORY'

#### 1. ANCIENT INDIA

Chronology of Ancient India (From the times of the Rig-Vedic King Divodāsa to Chandragupta Maurya with glimpses into the Political History of the period), by Sitanath Pradhan, M.Sc., Ph D, Brihaspati. Royal Svo pp 291+30 1927 Rs 6

In this extremely interesting and erudite work on the Chronology and Political history of Vedic and Buddhist India, enormous masses of evidence derived from Vedic, Epic, Puranic, Buddhistic, Jain, Epigraphic and other sources have been collected, compared and contrasted Di Pradhan has at last discovered the long-expected thread through the bewildering labyrinth of Vedic Chronology and has handled the question of Nanda-Sisunāga-Pradyota-Bimbisārian Chronology and political history perhaps with the most accurate critical skill and precision. This proneer work, completed in 1921, was submitted to the University of Calcutta as his Doctorate thesis and contains entirely new findings in almost every page of the book and the criticisms of the positions of Pargiter, Macdonell, Keith, Tilak, K. P. Jayaswal, Abinash Chandia Das, D. R. Bhandarkar, Bankim Chandia Chatterjee, Fleet, etc., reflect a high credit on the author. It is an invaluable and indispensable companion and guide to all students, professors and lovers of Ancient Indian History and Culture

Sir Asutosh Mookerjee—'An erudite thesis,' of no small credit,' of much excellence,' of special excellence,' extremely gratifying to note,' such a learned thesis,' has thrown unexpected yet welcome light on the political history of the Pre-Asokan Period,' original research of unquestionable merit,' appraised by the investigators of the first rank,' etc, etc

Mm Dr. Ganganath Jha, MA, D Litt, Vice Chancellor, Allahabad University—" It is refreshing to find that the writer has not 4 i been slow to strike out new lines for himself and examine theories which had hitherto been regarded as almost sacrosanct"

Dr M .Winternitz, Ph D , Piague, Czechoslovakia—" The ancient chronology of India is a thorny subject, and the book will no doubt, evoke much criticism. But the author has brought together valuable data from a vast amount of literature which will remain useful, even if the chronology may not be accepted by scholars in many cases"

T Jolly, Professor of Sanskrit, Wurzburg, Germany—" This is a very learned work, abounding in new theories and discussions of old ones and in

original Sanskrit quotations The author has found that most of the Kings and Rishis of the Rigveda are mentioned in the Epics and the Puranas, etc., as well, and has based a new chronology of the Rigvedic Period on this observation. His genealogies of Indian dynasties are very interesting."

Dr L D Barnett, Ph D, London—" Mr Pradhan's object is to correct and as far as possible to bring into synchronistic connection the ancient pedigrees of Kings and others which are handed down in Vedic, Epic and Puranic literature \* + \* He deals accordingly with the Vedic Divodâsa, his contemporaries, the Aiksvāka Dasaratha, etc., \* \* + and he then essays to determine the succession in Magadha from Bimbisara to Chandragupta On the basis of these conclusions and reckoning an average of 28 years for a generation he fixes the Mahābhārata war at c 1152 BC confirming the result by astronomical calculations, and makes c 1500 BC the starting point of the later Vedic period, \* \* \* He moreover demolishes the Vedic Chronology of Dr A C Das and even criticizes unfavourably the astronomical arguments set foith by the late Lokamanya. Thak in his Orion—which shows much courage and independence. His work shows immense industry and ingenuity and there is certainly "something in it" \* \* \* The attempt to adjust and harmonise the traditional pedigrees is worth making and Mr Pradhan's essay is an energetic step in that direction

Dr L D Barnett (again)—"The book 'Chronology of Ancient India' seems to me to be a remarkably able work and its general conclusions are reasonable and probable, though, naturally there may be some difference of opinion on some points"

European savant working in a first class European university \* The honour of writing the first scientific book on Vedo Puranic Chronology belongs to vou and not to Pargiter \* \* I note with great pleasure your happy identification of the Rigvedic Rishi Mudgala (Rv X, 102) with the husband of Indrasena, the daughter of King Nala of Nisadha, and of Divodâsa, king of Kāsi with Atithigva Divodâsa of the Vedas, who together with the Aiksvāka Dašaratha, quelled the Dâsa King Sambara, your resolution of the Iksvāku dynasty from Dašaratha downwards, into two branches pointing out that kings mentioned just after Hiranyanābha Kausalya, were the descendants of the Sravasti King Lava is a masterpiece in the reconstruction of Ancient Indian History, your determination of the date of the great Bhârata battle at about the middle of the twelfth century B C and of events of the Rāmâyana as occurring about three hundred years earlier would provide the future historian with source to build up ancient Indian Chronology \* \* \* Your assignment of Vedic Janaka and Yâjñavalkya to five generations after Srikrishna and Arjuna seems beyond challenge Your attempt to prove that a portion of the Deccan was occupied by the Rigvedic Aryans, and that Anga, Kośala, Magadha, Videha, etc., were colonized by them rather early, your explanation of the mythology of Ahalyā and Indra, your emendation of not a few individual errors in some of the names of Puranic kings, notably in the name 'Abhijit,' your bold and well established finding that the Harivamśa does contain wrong synchronism about Brahmadatta and Pratipa, and that the Purānas are wrong in making Krta of Dvimîdha's line, the pupil of Hiranyanābha Kausalya—these and many other points will be of absorbing interest to scholars I immensely enjoy your courageous refutation of 'the Orion' as well as of Mr A C Das's geological antiquity of the Rigvedic period which might be based on N B Paylee's book 'Aryavartic Home' In the post-Vedic period, your destribution of Sisunāga with Naddivardhana and of

Asoka (Carmichael Lectures, 1923), by Piof D R Bhandarkai, MA, PhD, FASB Second edition, revised and enlarged Demy Svo pp 428, 1932. Rs 5.

In this book the author has set forth his views about the Buddhist monarch after a careful and systematic study for a quarter of a century not only of the inscriptions of Asoka but also of, the valuable translations and notes on these records by distinguished scholars in the field of Ancient Indian History

Dr Truman Michelson says in Jour Amer Ori Soc., Vol. 46, pp. 258 59 -

"In this connection it may be observed that the notes on the trivial tions are ordinarily very full so that even the publication of the new edition of CII will not render this part of Bhandari ir werk superfluous, and it cannot be denied that occasionally be has made real contributions in the interpretation (eq, the cense of samaja)"

Dr S K Relvalkar save in in Bhan Ori Re Ire, Vol VII, p 169 —

"A careful permal of the book enable—one to visualite the pions Monarch and his manifold religious and administrative activities to a mich batter extent than had been hitherto possible with the Afolian hierature already in the field."

Political History of Ancient India (From the Accession of Pankshit to the Extinction of the Gupta Dynasty), by "Hemchandia Raychaudhun, MA. PhD Fourth Edition, Revised and Enlarged (In the Piess)

Dr Raychaudhun's work in the domain of Indology is characterised by a rare sobriety of judgment and by a constant reference to original sources and this makes his contributions specially valuable. We have here probably the first attempt on scientific lines to sketch the political history of India including the pre-Buddhistic period from about the 9th century B. C. and the work is one of great importance to students of Indian history. The revised edition embodies the results of the most recent researches in the subject. A new feature of this edition is the insertion in certain chapters of introductory verses from literature to show that poets and sages of Ancient India were not altogether unmindful of the political vicissitudes through which their country passed.

Frof J Jolly, Wurzburg — What an enormous mass of cyclence has been collected and discussed in this work, an important feature of which is the quotation of the original texts along with their translation which makes it easy to control the conclusions arrived at The ancient geography not less than the arcient history of India has been greatly furthered by your researches and much new light has been thrown on some of the most vexed problems of Indian Archæology and Chronology ".

Prof F Otto Schrader —"I have read the book with mereasing interest and do not kesitate to say that it contains a great many details which will be found useful by later historians"

Prof. A Berriedale Keith —"The work may justly be deemed a most valuable contribution to the subject matter of which it treats."

Professor W Geiger, Munchen (Germany) —"I highly appreciate Mr Raychaudhuri's work as a most happy combination of sound scientific method and enormous knowledge of both Brahmanical and non-Brahmanical literature. The work is written in lucid style inspite of its intricate subject and affords a mass of valuable evidence throwing much light on the whole period of Indian History dealt within it. I see with special pleasure and satisfaction that we are now enabled by the author's penetrating researches to start in Indian Chronology from the 9th instead of the 6th or 5th century B C."

Professor Hultzsch, Halle (Germany) —" The Political History of Ancient India is the outcome of extensive researches and thiows much light on the darkest and most debated periods of Indian history"

Studies in Indian Antiquities, by Hemchandra Raychaudhun, MA, PhD Demy 8vo pp. xv1+212 1932 Rs 2-8

This little volume is, in the main, a collection of essays, which is intended to serve as an introduction to the study of the epics and the geographical cantos of the Puranas. The dissertations on the epics have won the approbation of scholars like Washburn Hopkins, Winternitz and Jacobi, the last of whom congratulated the author on the verification of the Bhāgavata ciedo in the Besnagai inscription of the second century. B C In the geographical sections the author discusses the vexed problems of Indo-Aryan migration and expansion and the location of Vanga and examines critically the Puranic conception of the world and the theories regarding the island continents, group-mountains, etc., adumbrated in the Bhuvana-Kosha. There are also some interesting notes on the history and chronology of Bhoja of Kanauj and the Senas of Bengal

Prof E. J Rapson (Cambridge)—" Dr Raychaudhuri's essays on Indian history and Antiquities are always well informed, thoughtful and suggestive"

Prof E J Thomas (JRAS) —"The study which Dr Raychaudhuri has already devoted to ancient Indian history is well known. He has shown that Indian historical scholarship is proceeding on sound lines of its own and achieving independent results."

Professor # Jacobi (Germany) — "The verification of the Bhāgavata credo in the Besnagai Inscription is a find on which you may be congratulated"

Contributions to the History of the Hindu Revenue System, by U N Ghoshal, MA, PhD., Professor of History, Presidency College (Calcutta), and Lecture in the Departments of History and Economics, Calcutta University Royal 8vo pp 313+xvi. 1919. Rs. 5-8.

- Prof E J Rapson —"It is a valuable contribution to the I conomic History of Ancient and Medicial India. The videly cattered evidence contained in the inscriptions and in copper plate land greats of Northern India has never before been so carefully colleted and discussed."
- Prof A B Acith—"It is a very volumble contribution to our I now-ledge of the subject by reason of its objectivity and the effort made to the cidate the Kautiliya Arthasästra by examination of the other evidence in special that of inscriptions bearing on the topic. On the points, examined the comparison of different records often throw, admirable light."
- Prof M Winternite —"This is a very important very on an interesting subject that to my knowledge his lutherto not yet been treated at all, and certainly not so fully and in such a scholarly manner. It is a volumble contribution to the lustory of Ancient Indian politics and economics."
- Prof Sylvain, Leri —"I wish to expressing very high appreciation of this work. I know of very few books lately published which contain my opinion, compare with it"
- Prof Louis Finot—"An excellent contribution to a very important matter in the listory of India. It is based on a critial study of the text, and affords many useful observations which will prove a great help for scholais who will take the subject in their turn."
- Sir Jadunath Sarkar in a notice of the book in the 'Modern Review' writes —"The author who is a practised virter on Hindin polity and administration has carried our knowledge of the subject in good and forward by concentrating light from the inscriptions by me has of prinstaling evidences, while his knowledge of French and German has enabled him to utilize the latest published researches of Linopean Orientalists. His 'Glossary of fiscal terms' will be particularly helpful not only to students of Ancient Indian polity, but also to epigraphists and Sanskritists in general. The author's wide outlook and far-ranging comparisons will demand excelute consideration of his theories on the part of his critics, even when they differ from him"
  - Prof Rakhaldas Bancriee in a letter to the Registrar of the Calcutta University writes —"This book by Dr Ghoshal is one of the very best among your publications"
  - The Acta Orientalia "This is a well written and very useful study, in which the author has given a full analysis of the numerous details contained in the Arthasastra and the law books, with copions illustrations from the epies and general literature, as well as from inscriptions and non Indian sources. The value of the book is enhanced by the addition of a good glos sary of fiscal terms."
  - Dr E J Thomas —"I much admire the mastery with which the author has treated the great mass of his material and the sobriety and m sight with which he has treated the subject"
  - The Times Literary Supplement—"The Hindu revenue system, on the history of which Professor Ghoshal speaks with high authority, is to be reckoned as one of the political achievements of the liuman race. The chief authorities are the Smritis, the Leviticus of Hindu scripture, and the famous Arthasāstia, or Book of Government, by Kautīlya, a Western Indian of about the third century AD. The rules and maxims of these authorities, says Professor Ghoshal, 'surpass the achievements of classical antiquity and tend to approach the ideas of European thirders in the 18th and early 19th centuries.' This estimate seems fully warranted."

American Economic Review —"This is an important and scholarly contribution to the history of public finance in India"

Dr Wilhelm Geiger writes in the Zeitschrift fur Indologie und Iranistik—
"Ich habe beide Werke [Contributions and Agrarian System] mit glosstem Interesse gelesen und glaube der Zustimmung aller lachgenossen sicher zu sein wenn ich dem Vf danke für seine vortreffliche Arbeit. Die Darstellung ist klar und berüht auf grundlicher Fachkenntnis in volkswirtschaftlichen Dingen und auf ausgiebiger Verwertung der Literatur. In seinem Urteil und in seinen Folgerungen ist der Vf sehr vorsichtig, und er versaumt auch nicht nachdrucklich darauf hinzuweisen, wo die Literaturangaben nicht ausreichen um weiteigehende Schlusse darauf zu bauen. Im besonderen mochte ich au das Kapitel "Summary and Conclusion" in den "Contributions" p. 271 ft hinweisen, wo die herrschenden Tendenzen in der Entwickelung des indischen Finanzweisens klar herausgehoben sind und auf die Analogien im Wirtschaftsleben anderer Volker auch aus neuer Zeit hingewiesen wird. Sehr lanken swert ist auch das den "Contributions" beigefügte Glossar der "fiscal terms" Ich meine, nicht nur wir Indianisten, auch die Volkswirtschaftlei, die auf die Geschichte und ihre Lebren achten, werden aus dem Studium von Ghoshals Schriften reichen Nutzen ziehen"

The English Historical Review —" Great value attaches to Professor U' N Ghoshal's Contributions to the History of the Hindu Revenue System (Calcutta University Press, 1929) The work is characterized by objectivity and wide reading, and the principles laid down in the Arthasastra, the Smiti, Epic and Purana literature are given reality by the detailed account from the inscriptions and other sources of the history of the revenue system of Northern India from 300 BC1 to AD 1200 Especial importance attaches to the efforts made to ascertain the precise sense of a large number of fiscal terms, some of which as balibhaga or hara bore various senses at different periods and places The Glossary of fiscal terms (pp 289 300) deserves the careful attention of all workers in the field of Sanskiit lexicography and Of more general interest are the author's conclusions as to the incidence of land revenue He makes out quite a satisfactory case against the exaggeration, even by Vincent Smith, of the demands of Hindu kings and it is quite fair to stress the constitutional theory (p 18) that taxes were the royal reward for protection as affording a measure of security to the sub ject against excessive expenditure It is probable that the author is right in his view (p 287) that the Moslems in great measure meiely adapted Hindu methods rather than attempted to impose their own fiscal system. The present system has also inherited much from Hindu practice, a fact which adds greatly to the interest of the book "

Archiv Orientalni — "The work of Professor Ghoshal will be welcomed by many students not only of History but also of Economics. The author follows in detail the evolution of the various sources of revenue and their administration in India, as they are reflected in the literature, inscriptions and other records of the past. The frequent annotations show that he not only made use of the extensive native sources but that on occasions he tried to compare his subject matter with the corresponding phenomena of the west. In the preface the author indicates that he attempts to set forth a complete account of the origin and development of the Ancient Indian Revenue System—to form a just and balanced estimate of the Ancient Indian civilization on its material base—to trace many institutions of Mediæval and of Modern India to their roots in the past—and in this endeavour he has surely obtained remarkably fortunate results."

American Economic Review —" This is an important and scholarly contribution to history of public finance in India It is a compilation of facts

regarding public revenues and expenditures gleaned from an exhaustive study of Hindu literature, Hindu works on law and polity and the historical records of States, from the earliest collections of hymns and prayers down to 1200 AD Interwoven with the presentations is an occasional comparison, with conditions in medieval Europe and with the canons of taxa tion of Sismondi and Adam Smith "

Pre-Historic India, by Panchanan Mitra, MA, PhD Second Edition, Revised and Enlarged. Demy 8vo pp. 542 (with 53 plates). 1927. Rs 7.

One of the pioneer works on Indian pre-history by a young Indian scholar, who is well posted in the latest works on this subject

Contents Chap I Races and Cultures in India Earlier Studies and present outlook Chap II The Geological Background, Geographical and Palæo-Geographical features Chap III The Palæontological Basis The Human ancestry The cradle-land The Siwalik Primates Fossil men outside India Chap IV The Earliest Artifacts of Pre-Chellean India (probably more than a lac of years old) Chap V Early Palæolithic Phases Chellean, Acheullean and Moustrian types Chap VI Pleistocene cave-life Karnul Chap VII Late Palæolithic and Mesolithic cultures The Capsian Industry stations Chap VIII Prehistoric Cave-art and Rock-carvings Chap IX. The Neolithic types in India Chap X. The Neolithic culture-stations Chap XI Prehistoric Metallurgy Chap XII Mohen-lo-Daro Aremarkable Discovery of an Encolithic Site Harappa and Nal Sir John Marshall's reports. Chap XIII Prehistoric Copper and Bronze finds from other sites. Chap XIV The Indian Megaliths. Their Builders and Origin. Chap XV. The Megalithic Structures. Their architectural features, contents and distribution in India. Chap XVI. From extinct to living types. Mammals. The Bayana, Sialkot, Nala, Mohenjo-Daro.

Agrariah System in Ancient India (Calcutta University Readership Lectures, 1930), by Upendianath Ghoshal, M.A., Ph.D. Demy 8vo pp 136 1930 Rs 2-8.

Sequence and Origins

and Adichanallur Hilman remains Chap XVII Prehistoric potteries and terracottas of India Chap XVIII Culture

Prof. A B Ketth —"It is an excellent work manifesting once more the author's wide reading and knowledge of things both Indian and of the world beyond and his power of drawing sound and illuminating conclusions from evidence carefully collected, carefully sifted, and effectively adduced It forms a notable and welcome addition to our knowledge"

The Times Literary Supplement —" Another of Dr Ghoshal's valuable studies in ancient Indian culture and politics"

## Brahmanical Gods in Burma



Four-handed Visnu standing on lotus (Ananda Museum, Pagan, Bionze well preserved)

Prof E J Rapson —"I have read the book with great interest and with much admitation for the patience and the good judgment which the author has shown in collecting and discussing the widely scattered information which may be gleaned from literature and inscriptions as to the nature of the land-tenures in Mediaeval Northern India".

Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland - "The four lectures comprised in this book are an able and on the whole an instructive survey of the relations of the Crown to the land in ancient India Some very interesting and important developments are made clear in the course of these studies such as the gradual extension of assignments and the system of Chief's estates introduced under the Rajput dynasties"

- The Evolution of Indian Polity, by R Shama Sastri, BA, PhD, MRAS, Curator, Government Oriental Library, Mysore Demy 8vo pp 192 1920 Rs 6 (For details see page 3)
- Sources of Law and Society in Ancient India (Thesis for the Degree of Law), by Naieschandia Sen, MA, DL. Demy 8vo pp 109 1914 Re 1-8

  (For details see page 4)
- Pre-Aryan and Pre-Dravidian in India, by Sylvain Lévi,

  Jean Pizyluski and Jules Bloch Translated into
  English, by Prabodhchandra Bagchi, MA, DLit
  Demy 8vo pp 216 1929 Rs 2-8

  (For details see pages 6 and 7)
- The History of Pre-Buddhistic Indian Philosophy, by B
  M Barua, M A (Cal), D Lit (Lond) Royal 8vo
  pp 468 1921 Rs 10-8

  (For details see page 8)
- Orissa in the Making, by Bıjaychandra Mazumidar, with an introductory Foreword by Sir Edward A. Gait, M.A., K.C.S.I., Retd. Lieut.-Governor of Bihar and Orissa. Crown 8vo pp. 247. 1925. Rs. 4-8.

#### 2. INDIA (MEDIAEVAL AND MODERN).

Siva Chhatrapati, by Surendianath Sen, MA, Ph D. Demy 8vo pp 284 1920 Rs 4-14

A translation of the oldest systematic biography in Marathi of the great Maiatha hero, the Sabhasad Bakhar, with extracts from Chitnis and Sivadiguijaya with explanatory notes

- It is the first of a series intended for such students of Maratha history as are ignorant of Marathi Of the importance of the Bakhar Chronicles for a study of the rise and growth of Maratha power there can be no doubt, their historical accuracy is not always unimpeachable. But all interested in this subject will feel deeply grateful to Mr. Sen and the Calcutta University for making this study possible and easy "—The Hindusthan Review, Oct., 1924
- "It is a capital book for history students"—The Indian Daily News, 28th September, 1920
- "Professor Sen and the University of Calcutta have laid all students of Maratha history under a great obligation by publishing this new English edition of Krishnaji Anant's book "—The Times of India, 26th October, 1921
- Administrative System of the Marathas (from original sources), by the same author Second edition (revised and enlarged) Demy Svo pp 730 1925 Rs 10.
  - It is an exhaustive account of the polity that prevailed during the centuries of Maratha domination. Dr. Sen has closely studied the available original sources and this work is undoubtedly the most valuable contribution on Maratha administrative system that has yet appeared in English.
  - Prof A Bernedale Keith—" It contains a very large amount of interesting information, carefully put together, and rendered illuminating by comparison with the description of early Hindu institutions derived from the Dharmasastra literature. It undoubtedly sheds much light on the course of administration prior to the advent of British supremacy, and the impartiality and good sense of such personal judgments as you express deserves recognition."

Prof Jules Bloch (in the "Journal Asiatique")—" C'est une ouvrage solide et important, qui fait honneur a l'auteur et a l'école ou il se rattache"

The Hon'ble Justice C A Kincaid—"I have spent several delightful hours reading your most valuable work 'Administrative System of the Marathas' It is full of erudition and should long remain the classic text on the subject. I do not fancy any one else would have the industry as well as the learning, to write another such book. I congratulate you warmly on your great achievement."

S M Edwardes (in the "Indian Antiquary," January, 1924)—" He has now placed students of Maratha affairs under a further obligation by this careful exposition of the administrative system in vogue in the Deecan in the pre British period,

The value of his latest work seems to us to he in its impartiality and in its eareful avoidance of extreme diction in cases where the author's views differ from those already expressed by both English and Indian writers. He treats Grant Duff and Ranide with equal impartiality, and does not hesitate to point out their circus of deduction, he appreciates fully the good features of Shivaji's institutions, but is equally explicit as to their shortcomings and he devotes a distinct section of his work to explaining by excefully chosen quotations and examples that much of Shivaji's administrative machinery was not a new product of his unquestionably resourceful mind, but had its roots deep down in ancient Hindu lore

As to the actual facts disclosed in Dr. Sen's work, their number is so many and they are so interesting that it is hardly possible to deal with them in the brief compass of a review

In conclusion, let it suffice to remark that Dr Sen has produced an admirable work of reference for students of the history of the Deccan in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries"

The Times Literary Supplement, Thursday, May 10, 1923—"As in the case of the Great Napoleon, Shivaji the Conqueror has always been more attractive to historians than Shivaji the Administrator, and less than justice has been done to his constructive ability. Dr. Surendranath Sen his writter a scholarly analysis of the Maratha administration under Shivaji and the Peshwas, and in spite of a natural bias in favour of his own countrymen he can claim to have proved that Maratha Government will at least be in favourable companison with, and was in some respects superior to, those of contemporary Europe"

Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society, October, 1921--" Dr Surendranath Sen has given us a most careful and comprehensive work and has shown that the work begun so well by Ranade is being continued in competent hands. The fact that the Maratha Kingdom lasted for a century and a half should be sufficient to dispel the idea that the Marathas were mere bands of marau ders. It comes as a surprise, however, to see what a wealth of material there is for the study of their constitutional and administrative history. The author investigates the origin and development of their institutions, analysing the influence of traditional Hindu systems of polity, and of those of their Muslim neighbours. The book is a most valuable addition to the publications of Calcutta University."

# Studies in Indian History, by the same author Demy 8vo pp 294 1930 Rs 3

Marathi and Portuguese studies Among other items may be mentioned a translation of d'Alorna's "Instructions to his Successor, Tavora" This document was written in 1750, and contains a résumé of the operations by which the Portuguese succeeded in regaining part of the ground which they had lost to their Maratha neighbours. Interesting and useful accounts of the Portuguese records at Goa and of the Portuguese documents relating to Hydef Ali and Tipu Sultan also form part of the volume. Slighter studies relate to various episodes in Maiathi history. As a whole the volume contains much that is both new and sound. Or Sen is one of the most care ful and reliable of the younger Indian writers of history. One day we hope he may give us that history of the Marathas in the eighteenth century which he is better qualified than anyone else to write" Times Literary Supplement, February 5, 1931

The Dynastic History of Northern India (Early Mediæral Period), by Hemchandia Ray, MA (Cal), Ph D (Lond) In three volumes

Vol I Royal 8vo pp. 699. 1931, with ten coloured maps. Rs 10-0

This comprehensive work removes a long-felt want in the domain of Indian history. It attempts to give an account of the dynasties that ruled in Northern India during the period of transition intervening between the decline of the Hindu dynasties and the Muslim conquest. The work is based on a thorough examination of literary (Indian, Arabic, Persian, etc.) epigraphic and numismatic materials. No effort has been spared to make the work useful to the students of Indian history and culture. The various tables, the synchronistic charts and above all the coloured maps add to the value of the work.

#### Extracts from Opinions

- Prof F. W Thomas (Oxford) "It is a very full, in fact so far as I am aware exhaustive, assemblage of all materials relating to one of the most obscure periods, whether contained in Indian of extra Indian (Persian Arabic, etc.) sources. The work seems to me to testify to great care and accuracy, and it would be a valuable and to study and book of reference for scholars at every stage."
- Dr. L D Barnett (British Museum) "I consider that Dr Ray's work is the most valuable history of India that has appeared for many years, and cordially congratulate him and the University of Calcutta on the publication of the first volume A book of this character was urgently needed both in India and in the West There exists no general history of India which treats the subject with such fullness in detail, and the present work is equally marked by soundness of judgment and synoptic width of view"
- Prof Dr M Winternitz (Prague) "This is certainly one of the most valuable publications issued from the Calcutta University Press, and the most comprehensive work I know of, on an important period (c 916 to 1196 Å D) of Indian History As it is based on a careful examination of literary, epigraphie, and numismatic materials, it will be indisponsable to every student of Indian history. The coloured maps, the genealogical tables, the synchronistic table at the end of the volume, and the full index will be found extremely useful. I am looking forward, with great interest, to the continuation of the work, and more especially to the third volume which is to deal with the economic, social and religious and literary history of the time."
- Prof. Jules Bloch (Paris) "I shall find this book very useful indeed I admire that vast knowledge of the author, and the thorough and critical way ho has dealt with a bewildering mass of texts, mainly epigraphical I am also very thankful for the ten maps, carefully prepared by the author himself, where old names are distinguished by special ink, they add a lot to the value of the book, valuable as the text is"
- Prof A Berriedale Keith (Edinburgh) "Dr Ray's treatise manifests every sign of careful research and historical skill in the estimation of the value of evidence as well as ability to present an ordered narrative with precision and lucidity, and I shall look forward with pleasure to the appearance of the remaining volumes which will constitute a most notable contribution to our knowledge of an obscure and important epoch of the history of the northern dynasties"
- Prof E J. Rapson (Cambridge) "Please accept my sincere congratulations on your success in exploring all the various sources for the history of Northern India on the eve of the Muhammadan conquest, and on the clear and scholarly manner in which you have recorded the results of your investigations"

- Str Thomas Arnold "This carefully compiled treatice, based on a searching examination of materials that have not hitherto received sufficient attention from historical students, constitute a really important addition to the literature on the history of India"
- J Allan (British Museum) "Its thorough and critical examination and comparison of all the sources for the period, literary and epigraphical, Muslim and Hindu, render it a mine of information on a very complicated and obscure period"
- Str D Ross "I consider it a most valuable contribution to the history of a period which has not been hitherto treated from the Hindu and the Muslim point of view."
- Prof. H. H Dodwell (School of Oriental Studier, London) "Rav's work on the Dynastic History of Northern India will be exceedingly useful to all students of the period"
  - Prof V Minorsky (Paris) "I see what an amount of work it represents! You must be congratulated on the results"
- Prof Dr F O Schrader (Kiel) "The impression I have re ecived from the book is a most favourable one. This is, indeed, an admirable work on the publication of which the University must be congratulated. I shall feel much obliged to you for sending me also the subsequent volumes, of which the third one, as it deals with the social and economic conditions, will be particularly interesting for me."
- Dr E J. Thomas (Cambridge) "There is no doubt of the need of such an undertaking, and the way in which you are carrying it out with such clearness of statement and fullness of references and soundness of judgment and also with such high sense of requirements of historical research fully justifies all the appreciative notices that you have had I am glad that the work is to the honour of India and I trust that it will have an important influence on the advance of Indian historical research generally"
- The Central Authority in British India: 1774-84, by A. P. Dasgupta, M. A. (Cal.), Ph. D. (London), Lecturer, Calcutta University. Demy 8vo pp. 375. 1931. Rs. 5-0.

This volume, deals with the difficulties with which the central authority in British India was faced during the flist years of its existence, on account of the vague and limited powers entrusted to it by the Act which gave it buth, while the tradition of independence in the subordinate presidencies died hard. It reveals the great struggle which took place between the governorgeneral and council of Bengal with the Madras government to retain what each side interpreted to be its own position under the Act of 1773. The background of the work is the foreign relations of the English presidencies during the eventful period from 1774 to 1784, and it illustrates how a critical time in the history of the British in India had to be faced by a defective organisation

Prof H Dodwell (London University) —" a sound and excellent piece of work marked by eareful research and clear judgment,"

- P E Roberts, Esq (Oxford)—" An admirable piece of research which throws valuable light on an important controversial question Mi Dasgupta shows excellent judgment and great impartiality and I find myself in almost complete agreement with his views—shows remarkable power of holding the balance true—His whole treatment of the subject is lucid and impartial and is a most refreshing change from the spirit of partisanship in which Indian history is too often written—""
- R B Ramsbotham, Esq (Pro Vice Chancellor, Aligarh)—" offer you my warm congratulations on a valuable addition to our knowledge of the British period. It is a scholarly and workmanlike piece of research, most admirably documented, and it belongs in this respect to the new school of historical study in India which is shedding so much light on past history because scientific methods of research are employed, I think the book should be made compulsory for all students of Indian Constitutional history."

Sir William Foster (ex-historiographer, India Office) —" an able exposition of an interesting subject"

Sir A Berriedale Keith (Edinburgh) — a very useful aid to appreciation of the complex and unsatisfactory position resulting from the inadequate and tentative provisions of the Regulating Act. It throws much light on questions imperfectly presented in the published literature, and does credit at once to the author's diligence in research and to his power of grasping essential facts and of presenting them clearly and with a due sense of value'

# India in the Seventeenth Century, by J N. Dasgapta, B A (Oxon.) Demy 8vo pp 285. 1916. Rs. 3-8.

The condition of India in respect of its political, social, and economic aspects, in the early years of the East India Company, has been described in this volume with the help of the narratives of European travellers and foreign observers who were drawn to this land by their love of adventure, the fascination of iomance, and the call of the East

## Ranjit Singh, by N K Sinha, M A. Demy 8vo pp. 225. 1933 Rs. 2-8.

It is an important treatise giving much new information regarding the relations between the Sikhs and the Afghans during forty years preceding the First Afghan War. It also refers to the relations of the military monarchy of the Punjab with the British Indian Government and other Indian States. A graphic description of the system of civil administration and a critical account of the military system of Ranjit Singh are also to be found in the book.

Sir William Foster, Kt. (JRAS October, 1934) —"This monograph is a modest and sincere piece of work, based upon a careful study of all available materials, including the documents in the Imperial Record Office He has brought together in a small compass a mass of information that cannot fail to be of much value to students of the subject. The administrative details given in Chapter VIII are specially interesting."

Sir Jadunath Sarkar, At —"Rampit Singh by Mr Narendra Krishna Sinha is a useful work. The author has treated the subject with some freshness of thought and avoided diffuse wordiness."

Principal II G Rauliuson, Decran College Poons —"It is a valuable little book as it is the result of much patient remarks and contains a good deal of fresh material"

Dr Jules Block (Paus) —" I find the book useful and agreeable. If Mr Sinha is really as he calls himself a mophyte, we may hope much from him in the future, as he is capable of clear, well ordained as well as thoughtful writing."

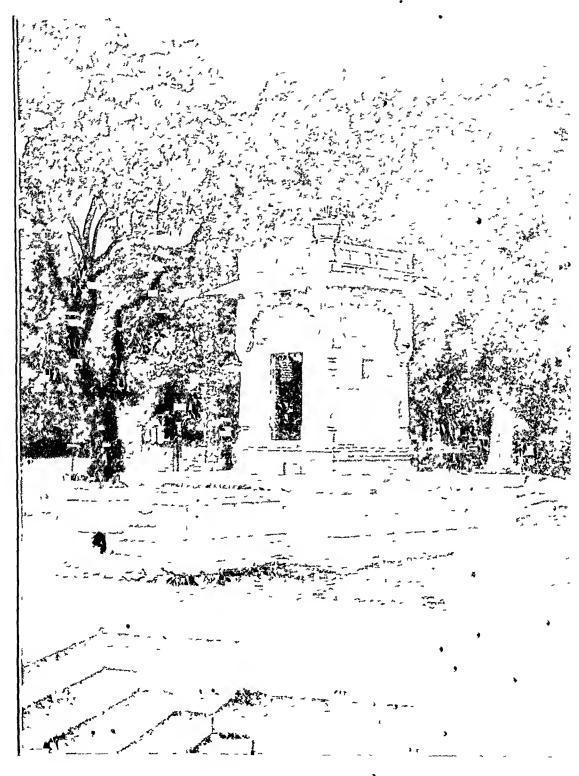
Principal K. Zachariah, Hooghly College --" I do think your werk does convey a clear idea of the growth of Runit Singh's I impire and the general organisation of his government. There are many things I should specially commend. Your critical sense, your importantly, your his idearrangement, your wide view of history and use of historical parallels and contrasts your comple and clear style, all this I can honestly praise and I congratulate you on your work."

Historical Records of Baroda, by Rai Bahadui E. A. Gupte, M.R.A S., F.Z.S. (with annotations). Royal 8vo pp. 166, 1922. Rs. 6.

Compiled from original Maratha documents, which throw a side-light on the transactions of the Hon'ble East India Company's Officers, offer glimpses of the Baroda administration, describe the Poona politics during the last stages of the Maratha Empire, and record the working of the almost nominal sway of the Raja of Satara. Profusely illustrated

- Law, revised and brought up to date by Hemchandra Raychaudhur, MA, Ph.D Crown Svo Re 1-12.
  - Do. (Bengali Edition) Bharate Ingrej Shasan, revised and brought up to date by Rai Bahadui Khagendianath Mitra, MA Crown 8vo Re 1-8
  - Do. (Hindi Edition) Bharat me Angrej. Edited by Radhakirshna Jha, M A Crown Svo pp 262 1916 Re. 1-6.

## Historical Records of Baroda



Mınıster Rāvji Appaji's Marble Cenotaph.



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Indian Nationality (Calcutta University Jubilee Research Prize Thesis, 1922), by Sukumai Dutt, MA, BL, PhD, Vice-Principal, Ramjas College, Delhi Royal 8vo pp 210 1926 Rs. 3.

Contents Introduction

Basic Factors of Indian Life

The Problem of Nationality

The Meaning of Indian Nationality

Present Tendencies towards Development of Nationality

The work is a concise academic study of an outstanding problem of Indian constitutional politics. The treatment is from a strikingly original point of view. Current conceptions of Nationality are acutely analysed and exposed and an entirely new conception of Indian Nationality is propounded. The work is eminently helpful to all statesmen and students of Indian life and history who have to deal with India, whether in the field of practical politics or in the sphere of academic study.

History of Political Thought from Rammohun to Dayananda, Vol I (Bengal), by Bimanbihan Majumdan, MA Demy 8vo pp 518 1934 Rs 4-8

(For details see page 63)

Principles of Training for Historical Investigation, by Prof Arthur Percival Newton, M.A., D.L., B.Sc., F.S.A. Demy 8vo pp. 99 1929 Re 1-8

#### 3. EUROPE

European Alliance (1815-1825), by Prof. C K. Webster, MA, Litt D Royal 8vo pp 94 1929. Re 1-8

The book consists of six lectures delivered in the University in 1927. The author has shown how the Great Powers of Europe formed an Alliance originally to protect Europe from French aggrandisement during the Napoleonic period and has discussed the different aspects of the Alliance. He has shown what changes had occurred in the Alliance after the Conference of Aix-la-Chapelle (1818-1820) and what attitude the Alliance took towards

the Spanish Revolution (1820-23) In the last Lecture he has compared the Alliance with the new institution, the League of Nations

#### 4 ISLAM

A History of Islamic People, by S Khuda Bukhsh, M A B C L, Bai -at-Law Demy Svo pp 178 1914 (Slightly damaged) Reduced price Rs 4-8

Translated from the German of Di Weil's Geschichte dei Islamitischen Volker a descriptive account of Mohammad and the Quia'n, as also of the Caliphate. The conflict of ideas in early Arabdom, the narrowness of early Arabic rationalism and the evolution of Islamic culture on a broad and humanitarian basis during the time of the Abbasid Caliphs at Baghdad is described with the skill of an artist, and altogether the book forms a most fascinating introduction to the mentality and general outlook of Islam in the first few centuries of its history

Islamic Civilization, Vol I, by S Khuda Bukhsh, MA., BCL, Bar-at-Law Demy 8vo pp. 364 1929 Rs 5

Do. Vol II Demy 8vo pp 309 1930 Rs 4-0

"It is a most valuable addition to our knowledge of Islam and the work could not be in better hands than those of Mr Khuda Bukhsh"—Sir Thomas Carey-Evans

"Both pedagogue and student of social conditions will welcome the articles on Muslim education. There is not yet any scientific text-book on the Theory and History of Muslim Education, but much material for one will be found here, and references to relevant literature, for the author has consulted the literature of his subject with sufficient industry to have fully satisfied the injunction of the Prophet to 'seek learning even unto China"—

The Statesman, 15th February, 1931

"The Early Heroes of Islam, by S. A. Salık, B.A. Demy 8vo pp .514 1926 Rs 6

In this book the author has tried to place before the public brief sketches of the Prophet of Arabia and of his five immediate successors. It also contains short notices of a galaxy of great men who flourished in Arabia in that age and gives an interesting account of the birth and the rapid growth of Islam. It will be both interesting and instructive to readers of every creed and colour.

The Arab Kingdom and its Fall, by J. Wellhausen, translated into English, by Margaret Graham Weir, M.A. Demy 8vo pp. 607 1927 Rs 7-8.

Ι Introduction Contents Chap All and the First Civil War III The Sufyanids and the Second Civil ,, IV The First Marwanids V Umar II and the Mawâlı ,, VI The Later Marwanids VII Marwan and the Thud Civil War VIII The Arab Tubes in Khuiasan 22 IX The Fall of the Alab Kingdom

Lectures on Arabic Historians, by Prof D S Margoliouth, D Let, F B A Demy 8vo pp 168 1930 Rs 2-0

Mussulman Culture, by V V Bartold Translated into English from the Russian by Prof Sahid Suhrawardy Size 5½ in by 7½ in , pp 136 + xxviii, 1934 Re 1-8

In this book the author has attempted the survey of the entire field of Mussulman culture and tried to explain those cultural inter-relations which had existed between the territories of the Mussulman world

Administration of Justice during the Muslim Rule in India, by Wahed Husain, BL Demy 8vo p. 211 1934 Rs 2-0

The book gives a wide survey of the Judicial system and the Judicial Machinery from the early Muslim Rule down to the Grant or Diwani in 1765. It contains Tables showing the gradation of courts established during the pre-Mughal and Mughal periods

Contents The Constitution of Courts—(Court of Canon Law and the Courts of Common Law—Full Bench—Royal Courts—Courts of Appeal, Revision and Review by the Chief Qazi and the Diwan)—Judicial Administration in Provinces and Rural Areas—Village Self government—Socialistic functions—Modes of Trial—Scenes of Trial—Description of the Q'azis Court and the Royal Court—Appointment of Lawyers—Method of Procedure—Drawing up decree, etc. It contains—Edicts and Farmans of the Emperois—the Qanun is Shahi—Jus Gentium of the Muslim and Jus Gentium of the Romans—

Islamic Adjective Law and Piocedure—(what portion of the Islamic Law made applicable to non Muslim—Extent of modification of Muslim Law)—Guarantee of protection to non Muslims and other cognate subjects with a history of the Origin of Islamic Legal Institutions—A comparative view of the Islamic Courts and the British Courts of justice—Influence of the Mughal Rule on the present system of Administration

#### **OPINIONS**

Sin Shah Md Sulaiman, At, Offg Chief Justice, Allahabad—" it shows your learning and research work, and contains much valuable information, not easily available in English books"

Sir Ahmad Husain Amin Jung, Kt, MA, LLD, etc—" an excellent work is evidently the result of fine research and admirable industry. The Calcutta University has added a bright chapter to Islamic History."

Advance of the 9th September, 1934—" one indeed feels curious to know interesting details about the Administration of Justice during a very long period of Indian History—the general public will greatly profit by the book laboriously compiled by an expert—Going through the book one is impressed by certain facts—that even in those periods there was an elaborate procedure for appeal, revision and review of judgment—the author has given a very good survey of a period which has of late attracted our attention—The book will certainly command wide popularity"

Forward of the 17th September, 1934 "the writer has gone to the original sources for his raw materials out of which he has constructed an edifice that appears to be a replica of the Courts of Law as they existed during the Mahomedan times. The book does not strike one as a laboured apologia but an account of facts so far as the author has been able to ascertain."

## Y. RELIGION AND PHILOSOPHY

Comparative Religion (Stephanos Numalendu Ghosh Lectures for 1921-22), by Prof A A Macdonell, M A (Oxon), Ph D (Leipzig), D Litt (Edin), D O L (Calcutta) Royal 8vo pp 194 1925 Rs 3

The work is the first course of lectures on Comparative Religion delivered under the auspices of the Stephanos Nirmalendu Ghosh foundation. The author has given a survey, in eight lectures, of all the important religions of antiquity, including an introductory one on 'Primitive Religion' They embrace Confucianism, Zoroastrianism, Brahmanism (including Buddhism), Greek religion, Judaism, Muhammadanism and Christianity These religions are treated objectively, not from the point of view of any particular one. It has been shown what they have in common, and to what extent each approaches universality, to the outlook of a world religion.

Newness of Life (Stephanos Nurmalendu Ghosh Lectures on Comparative Religion for 1924-25), by Piof Maurice A Canney, MA, Professor of Semitic Languages and Literatures in the University of Manchester Royal 8vo pp 180 Rs 3

Contents I Disposal of the Dead, II—Ideas about Death, III Birth and Creation, IV Givers of Life, V Men and Gods, VI The Idea of Holiness, VII Religious Experience, VIII Life More Abundant

- The Pilgrimage of Faith in the World of Modern Thought (Stephanos Numalendu Ghosh Lectures on Comparative Religion for 1927-28), by Prof D C Macintosh Royal 8vo pp 305+22 1931 Rs 4-0
- The Contribution of Christianity to Ethics (Stephanos Numalendu Ghosh Lectures for 1930-31), by Prof C J Webb, MA, DLitt (Oxon), Hon LLD (St. Andrews) Royal 8vo pp 121 Rs. 2-8
- The Foundations of Living Faiths (Stephanos Ninmalendu Ghosh Lectures on Comparative Religion for 1933-34), by H D Bhattacharyya, M A (In the Press)
- The Early History of the Vaishnava Sect, by Hemchandia Raychaudhuii, MA, PhD Demy 8vo pp 158 Rs 2-13.

The book contains materials for a connected history of Vaishnavism from the Vedic times to the age of the early Tamil Acharyas who laid the foundation of the Sii Vaishnava School The author takes into consideration only works of proved antiquity and epigraphical records. His method of treatment is strictly scientific, and he comes to a number of interesting conclusions, among which the most important is the establishment of the historic personality of Vasudeva-Krishna and the determination of the doctrines of the old Bhagavata sect. The book is quoted as an authority in Bainett's Hindu Gods and Heroes, Winternitz's A History of Indian Literature and W. Douglas P. Hill's Bhagavadgita, etc.

"The lectures of Mr Hemchandra Raychaudhuri on the Early History of the Vaishnava Sect read almost as would a Bampton lecture on the 'Historical Christ' to a Christian audience. They are an attempt to disentangle, the authentic figure of Krishna from the mass of Puranic legend and gross tradition, from the wild conjectures and mistaken, if reasoned, theories which surround his name. The worship of Krishna is not a superstitious idolatry, it is the expression of the Bhakti, the devotional faith of an intellectual people, and many missionaries, ill equipped for dealing with a dimly understood creed would do well to study this little volume.

—The Times Literary Supplement, May 12, 1921

Revised and enlarged second edition in the Press

Bharatiya Madhya Yuge Sadhanar Dhara (Adhar Mukhergee Lectures for 1929), by Kshitimohan Sen, Sastii, MA, Professor of Indian Religion and Mysticism, Visvabharati, Santiniketan, with a Foreword by Rabindranath Tagore Demy 8vo pp. xvi+135. Rs. 1-8.

(For details see page 8)

- \* Yaishnava Padavali, Edited by Rai Bahadur Khagendianath Mitia, M A, and Rai Bahadur Dineschandia Sen, B.A, D Litt Royal 8vo pp 150+xxiv. Rs 2-4
- Post-Chaitanya Sahajiya Cult, by Manindramohan Rasu. M.A. Royal 8vo pp 336 1930 Rs. 4-0

### Extracts from Opinions

A V. Williams Jackson, Professor of Indo Iranian Languages, Columbia University, New York, America—"As I look the volume through, I can see the scholarly work which Lecturer Bose has done on the subject in the years which he has devoted to it I am glad to have the book as a work of reference"

Times Literary Supplement, April 10, 1930 —" Mr Bose's researches are skilful and discriminating"

Prof Vidhusekhar Sāstrī —" The book has been well written, and I want to congratulate the author for his fine treatment and collection of materials for the study of this important cult of mediaeval Bengal"

Mahāmahopādhyaya Dr Haraprasad Shastri, MA, CIE, Honorary Member, Royal Asiatic Society of London, etc —"The history he has given of the Vaisnava Sahajiyas is excellent It shows wide reading, and a good deal of original research"

Dr Bhagavatkumar Sastri, MA, PhD, Asutosh Professor of Sanskrit, Calcutta University — "The book is truly a mine of information about the 'Natural Religion of Mankind,' as Sahajiyā essentially stands for the most interesting part of the work, however, is when the author traces the latest phase of the cult to the religion of love preached by Sri Caitanya Anyone who wants to study this aspect of the question cannot find a better guide than Prof Bose's valuable work'

Prof Charuchandra Bandyopadhyaya, M A, Reader, Dacca University -

"আপনার সন্ধান ও সকলন হলার হইরাছে ও এশংস্নীয় হইরাছে। এত তত্ব একত এর পূর্বে আর কেউ করেন নি।"

Pañcapuspa (পঞ্চপুষ্প), Bhādra, 1337 BS (1930 AD) —
"সংজ বর্ধের এমন গ্রন্থ ইতিপুর্ন্ধে প্রকাশিত হর নাই।"

System of Buddhistic Thought, by Rev. S. Yamakamı. Royal 8vo pp. 372. 1912. Rs. 15-0

The book presents in a complehensive though short form a complete view of Buddhistic Philosophy, both of the Mahayana and Hinayana Schools

Contents Chapter I Introduction Essential principles of Buddhist Philosophy All is impermanence There is no Ego Niivana is the only calm

Chapter II Karma-Phenomenology Karma as a punciple in the Moral World Karma as the active principle in the world of particulars Karma as an active principle in the physical world

Chapter III The Sarvastitvavadins (Realists) The Tenets of the Sarvastitvavadins Explanation of the Seventy-five Dharmas Shankara's criticism of the Sarvastitvavadins, etc., etc

Chapter IV The Satyasıddhi School (the Theory of the Sarva-Sunyatavada) The Essential parts in the doctrine of the School The View of Buddha-Kaya in this School

Chapter V The Madhyamika School (the Theory of the middle course)—The fundamental doctrine of this School The conception of Buddha-Kaya in this School

Chapter VI Alaya-Phenomenology (the Theory of the Vijnanavadins) The classification of things The four stages of the cognitive operation of consciousness—Further discussion of the Eighth Vijnanas

Chapter VII Bhuta-tathata (Suchness) Phenomenology The Relation of Suchness to all things The Theory of Impression

Chapter VIII The Tien Tai School The three principles of this School, (1) Emptiness, (2) Conventionality and (3) Middle Path The Theory of Klesa

Chapter IK The Avatansaka School The Theory of the Dharmaloka Phenomenology

Chapter X Conclusion God in us and we in God The Buddhist idea of Faith The Buddhistic Ethics

Appendix The six kinds of Causes and the five kinds of Effects

Edward J Thomas, University Library, Cambridge — I shall find the work most useful. The book seems to me very valuable in giving a connected view of the different schools of Buddhistic thought, and of special importance for European scholars both in supplying information not easily accessible in the West, and also in treating the whole subject from an independent standpoint.

The Original and Developed Doctrines of Indian Buddhism, by Ryukan Kimura, Sup Royal Svo pp 82. 1920 Rs. 3.

It is a comprehensive manual of charts, giving an explicit idea of the Buddhist doctrines, as promulgated in diverse ways by diverse Buddhist Philosophers

The History of Pre-Buddhistic Indian Philosophy, by B M. Barua, M A. (Cal), D Lit. (Lond) Royal 8vo pp 468. 1921. Rs. 10-8.

(For details see page 8)

B M Bajua, M A (Cal), D Lit. (Lond) Royal Svo pp 52 1918 Re 1-8

The book embodies the results of a scientific enquiry by the author, from the historical standpoint, into successive stages in the genesis and increasing organic complexity of a system of thought in India, supposed to have evolved out of a nucleus as afforded by the discourses of Gautama, the Buddha

Kindred Sayings on Buddhism, by Mis Rhys Davids, D Litt, MA D/Ciown 16mo pp 115 1930 Re 1-8

Hinayana and Mahayana and the Origin of Mahayana Buddhism, by R Kımura, Lecturer in the Depts of Palı and Ancient Indian History and Culture, Calcutta University Royal 8vo pp 223 1927 Rs 2-4.

In the introductory note the author raises a preliminary historical discussion on the terms 'Hinayāna' and 'Mahāyāna' and also aims at clearing the ideas and associations of other significant dual terms used in the Buddhist literature. The main book is divided into two parts. The first part is mainly devoted to a full discussion of the significance and origin of the terms Hinayāna and Mahāyāna. In the second part the author has discussed the different application of the terms in the two periods of the making of Mahāyāna Buddhism and of Mahāyāna teachers.

A History of Indian Logic (Ancient, Mediæval and Modein Schools), by Mahamahopadhyaya Satischandra Vidyabhushan, MA, PhD, MRAS, FASB, late Principal, Sanskrit College, Calcutta, and Joint Philological Secretary, Asiatic Society of Bengal With a Foreword by Sir Asutosh Mookerjee Demy Svo pp 696 1921 Slightly damaged Reduced price Rs 12-0

A monumental work Dr Vidyabhushan has given here a detailed account of the system of Nyaya, and has left no source of information, whether Brahmanical, or Buddhist (Indian and Tibetan), or Jama, untapped The history is brought down from the days of the Vedas to the 19th century, and is full of facts well disposed and lucidly set forth

Prof A Bernedale Keith, DCL, DLatt, University of • Edinburgh, writes —

"The work reflects the highest credit on its late author. It contains a vast mass of carefully verified information lucidly arranged and expounded and it is invaluable to every serious student of Indian Logic. It must for a very long period form an indispensable source of material for workers in the field of Indian Philosophy, and whatever difference there may be with the views of the author, whether in principle or in detail, they cannot possibly obscure the permanent value of a work which—as any one familiar with Indian Logic knows only too well—must have involved almost endless labour. The University of Calcutta is to be congratulated on the fact that it was found possible to produce the book despite the author's death before its completion, and the thanks of scholars are due to it for the production of the work in such effective and enduring form."

A Short History of the Mediæval School of Indian Logic (Thesis for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy in the Calcutta University, 1907), by the same author. Royal Svo pp 210 1909 Rs 7-8

The two principal systems of the Mediæval School of Indian Logic, viz, the Jama Logic and the Buddhist Logic, have been thoroughly expounded here by bringing together a mass of information derived from several rare Jama manuscripts and Tibetan xylogiaphs hitherto maccessible to many. In the appendices a short and general history of the University of Nalanda and the Royal University of Vikramasila has also been given

Studies in Vedantism (Premchand Roychand Studentship, 1901), by Krishnachandra Bhattacharyya, M A Demy 8vo pp. 84 1909. Rs 3-12.

It is a treatise constructed on Vedantic lines and intended to bring out the relations of the Vedanta system to modern philosophical systems

- The Study of Patanjali (Griffith Memorial Prize, 1915), by S N Dasgupta, MA, Ph.D. Demy 810 pp. 216. 1920 Rs. 4-8.
  - Here we have an account of the Yoga system of thought as contained in the Yoga Sutras of Patanjali, according to the interpretations of Vyasa, Vachaspati and Vijnanabhikshu, with occasional references to the views of other systems by an acknowledged authority on Hindu Philosophy
- Yoga, Philosophy in relation to other Systems of Indian Thought, by S N Dasgupta, MA, PhD. Demy Svo pp 380 1930 Rs 5-0.
- Sankhya Conception of Personality, by Abhaykumar Majumdar, MA Edited by J K Majumdar, MA. Ph D, Bailister-at-Law With a Foreword by Sir S Radhakiishnan Royal Svo pp 174 Rs 2-8

A unique book of original research containing a new interpretation of the Sankhya Philosophy

Advance —" A remarkable work on Sankhya Philosophy The author has propounded rather startling and almost epoch-making interpretations of

what is traditionally known as Sankhya Philosophy, showing for the first time how Kapila's idealism could be reconciled with the Hegelian on the one hand and with the Vedantic on the other. The author develops, by way of a critical analysis of all existing texts bearing on Sankhya Philosophy, new conclusions apparently at variance with traditional theories but none the less sustained by a wealth of historical learning and power of philosophical criticism which extort admiration "

Interesting and illuminating The book is a bold challenge to the customary interpretation of the Sankhya Philosophy and gives a rude shock to the sense of security with which we memorise and reproduce the traditional views of that system Being based on a critical examination of the sutras and some commentaries and being further reinforced by quotations from the authoritative Puranas containing references to Sankhya theories, the views of the author cannot be lightly brushed aside, however much our wounded prejudices be tempted to do so The book does a great service at least by calling our attention to the urgent necessity of going back to the sutras and trying to understand them by themselves and also in the light of other ancient texts without allowing ourselves to be prejudiced by the views of the commentators The book cannot fail, therefore, to commend itself to the students of Indian Philosophy (It is a) thoughtful volume "

Philosophical Currents of the Present Day, by L Stein (translated by Sisirkumai Maitia, MA, PhD)

Vol I Royal 8vo pp 250 1918 Rs 4-8

Vol 11. Royal 8vo pp 162 1919 Rs 4-8

Vol III Royal 8vo pp 237 1925 Rs. 3-8

The book is a translation of the well-known work of Ludwig Stein It contains a description and critical examination of the philosophical movements of the present day. The contents of the three volumes are as follows

Vol I I The Neo-Idealistic Movement II The Neo-Positivistic Movement (the "Pragmatism" of William James) III The Recent Movement of Nature Philosophy (Wilhelm Ostwald's "Energetics") IV The Neo-Romantic Movement V The Neo-Vitalistic Movement

Vol II VI The Neo-Realistic Movement (the Transcendental Realism of Edward v Hartmann and the Co-Relativitism of To-day) VII The Evolutionistic Movement (Herbert Spencer and his Successors) VIII The Individualistic Movement IX The Mental Science Movement (William Dilthey) X The History of Philosophy Movement (Edward Zellar, 1814-1908)

Vol III XI The Problem of Knowledge XII The Problem of Religion XIII The Sociological Problem XIV The Problem of Toleration XV The Problem of Authority XVI The Problem of History

Considering Prof Stein's eminence as a Social Philosopher, the third volume may be looked upon as the most important of the three volumes. The famous Chapter on Authority is, according to the author, the keystone of his Philosophy. This volume contains a preface, especially written by the author for the English edition. An extract from the preface is given below.

"I am extremely grateful to my English translator for this, that he has made the first attempt to make my Philosophy accessible to the English-speaking world "It is my bounden duty to express my heartiest thanks publicly to the translator of this work, because he had the courage to take up in the midst of the War, the work of a Swiss written in German"

Prof J H Murhead, MA, LLD, University of Binmingham—"(The translation seems to me most readable and the printing, all that could be desired. It has obviously been a labour of love to you to make the writings of this distinguished writer accessible to English and American readers".

Hegelianism and Human Personality, by Hiralal Haldar, MA, PhD Demy 8vo pp 67. 1910 Rs 3-12

The theory advanced in this book provides a philosophical foundation for the empirical fact of multiple personality. It also explains what the 'subliminal self' of man is. The author gives his own interpretation of Hegel's teaching which is that according to Hegel the Absolute is not a unitary personality but a self-conscious unity of a plurality of selves

Scerates (in Bengali illustrated), Vol I, by Rajanikanta Guha, M A Demy 8vo pp 584 1922 Rs. 5-0

The author, as a prehminary to the study of the life and thought of the great Greek philosopher, gives in this volume a detailed account of Greek life and culture instituting interesting comparison with the life of the Ancient Aryans in India. The author is one of the few Indians who has a familiarity with Greek authors in the original, and this work may be said to be the most authentic work in Bengali on ancient Greek civilisation.

Do. (in Bengali illustrated), Vol II Demy 8vo pp 861, 1925 Rs 8-0

This volume has been divided into three parts. Part I deals with the life and character of Socrates, Part II contains the details of judgment and death, and Part III contains the teachings of Socrates.

Introduction to Advaita Philosophy (English edition), by Kokileswar Sastri, Vidyaratna, M. A. (Second Edition, thoroughly revised and enlarged) Demy 8vo.pp 280 1926. Rs. 4-0.

The work is a brilliant exposition of the Sankara-School of the Vedanta Philosophy The most striking feature of the work is the full consideration of various altogether new issues such as (1) whether Sankara has denied the reality of the objects of the universe, (2) whether individuality has been resolved in his system of Philosophy into mere relations and actions whether the Ego cannot be held to be an active power, (3) whether Vedanta advocates mertia, emptying of the human mind rather than its expansion, (4) whether Sankara's Theory can be called Pantheism, (5) what is the relation between Being and Not-Being, and between Infinite and Finite, (6) what is the place of Ethics and Religion, (7) what is the correct view on Vedantic Mukti, and such other valuable topics The work will prove an indispensable companion for the thorough and correct understanding of the great Maya-Vada in its various aspects Copious authoritative quotations from Sankara's commentaries on the 10 Uparashads, Brahma-Sutra and Gita have been given in the footnotes enhancing the value of the work, which are an invaluable mine of information on the subject author attempts also to clear up various misinterpretations and misrepresentations of the Sankara-Vedanta, giving a correct and light exposition

Extracts from the opinions of a few are given

Professor A Bernedale Keith, D Litt, D C L, University of Edinburgh—"Your book is a remarkably able and highly interesting contribution to the interpretation of Sankara. Its collection of passages alone would be of very high value, for the extent of Sankara's writings is so great as to render easy reference impossible without such aid, and I fully appreciate the labour which has been involved in the selection of the texts cited. Even greater value applies to your powerful exposition of the realistic element in Sankara. Your restatement of his position in terms of modern philosophical conception, shows a very great skill and will demand the most careful consideration from those who seek to apprehend the true force of the teachings of the Acharyya

On the perusal of the book in its second edition, the learned professor thus writes —

"I have now found time to read your new edition, and as before I find in it a most persuasive and effective setting out of the doctrine of Sankara in its realistic aspects. It is of great importance to find the realistic side of his thought so well brought out by you, while in matters which are not directly concerned with this point, your exposition has the great ment of objectivity, and freedom from the modern practice of reading into Indian philosophy the doctrines of Hegelianism, etc. Your work will therefore I trust continue to exercise an important influence on the interpretation and appreciation of the Vedanta."

Professor Julius Jolly, Ph D, University of Wurzburg, Bavaria — "This work contains an excellent exposition, I think, of the main prin-

ciples of the Adwarta system and an equally excellent vindication of this against the reproaches raised by scholars wrongly interpreting its technical terms "

Six George A Grierson, KCIE, PhD, DLitt, LLD, late Vice President, Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland—" I have read a good deal of it and found it very interesting and instructive your book shows evidence of much original research and I hope that you will continue your studies of this and other important systems of Indian Philosophy"

Dr L D Barnett, Oriental Studies, London Institution (University of London) — Your book is a work of considerable merit "

Professor J Wackernagel, Basil, Switzerland —"
'Introduction to Adwarta Philosophy' is a valuable book I shall not fail to make it known and accessible to fellow workers interested in Indian Philosophy, and hope it will be appreciated universally according to its merits"

Professor Hermann Jacobi, Ph D, University of Bonn, Germany—

I have read this novel exposition of Sankara's system with interest and profit Whether one entirely agrees with the author's theory or not, one will admire his ingenuity and be grateful for many valuable suggestions. It is an admirable book

Dr M E Senart of Paris —"Your deep justice to the old master—Sankara—and your remarkable command of the difficult literary materials cannot but meet the grateful acknowledgment of alk interested in this line of research"

Prof S V Lesney, Ph D, University of Prague —" The teaching of your great countryman—Sankara—has been treated by you in a very happy way and to much profit of your readers"

Prof E Washburn Hopkins, Ph D, LL D, Yale University, America — " My final judgment is that you have made a most important contribution to our knowledge of Sankara's Philosophy "

Prof Helmuth von Glasenapp, of Berlin University —" The philosophy of Sankara has always attracted me since I began to study Sanskrit Your book was therefore of special interest to me and I fully appreciate lucid exposition of the doctrines of one of the greatest thinkers India has produced I trust we may look forward to other books from your able pen, dealing also with the later and still little known phases of Vedanta Philosophy"

Germany—"
No doubt this work—Introduction to Adwarda Philo sophy, 2nd Edition—is extremely useful, lucid in style, and independent in the representation of Shankara's doctrine. It remarkably marks a decided step in advance.

'Prof Richard Garbe, Ph D, of the University of Tübingen—' It is more than its title indicates not only an able Introduction, but a very important contribution to the history of Indian Philosophy, especially Chapter III seems to me to be of particular importance, as according to it, the current notions about Sankara's conception of the world have to be corrected I wish you all success which your learning and diligence deserve "

Prof' James H Woods, Ph D, of Harvard University—"Your book has given me the greatest pleasure It is coherently written and the arguments move forward with logical precision and at the same time keep close to the text of the Vedanta I found the book extremely valuable and I hope it will be the first one of the series Your work has impressed me so much that I am sending you an invitation "

- Dr Sylvain Lévi, Ph D, of College De France, Paris Your book is of a lasting value You have mastered Sankara's work as a real Pandit and you know to expose his doctrines perfectly as a modern scholar Never did I realise before so fully the perfect unity of Sankara's teachings Your book is a concordancy, a Cyclopædia of Sankara's Philosophy The quotations are well selected, thoroughly clear, conclusive, a glance over the notes at the foot of the pages shows they are a substantial reading, affording the HI of Sankara's thoughts
- Prof M Bloomfield, of John Hopkins University—" Your book is, I am convinced, a most valuable contribution to our knowledge of India's high thought your exposition of Sankara is that of a loving disciple but at the same time, critical as well as sympathetic. Your chapter on Maya is especially illuminating, but I remember every page of the book is full of clarifying information. No Indologist can possibly read it without being grateful to you for your first-hand, trustworthy help in this difficult field."
- Prof Richard Schmidt, Ph D, of Munster University—"Surely your book is an admirably suitable introduction to that most magnificent achievement of Indian thought—Your book is not only a highly interesting contribution to the interpretation of Sankara's writings, but also in every way a new argument of the justness of the "ex orienti lux" I wish you best success"
- Prof A Hillebrandt, Ph D, of Breslau University—" Your work marks a great progress by the brilliant exposition which Sankara's views have found therein by your painstaking labour and judicious treatment. I fully appreciate the value of your scholarly work which I think a perfect success. Allow me to repeat my opinion that your work represents a high standard of Indian scholarship".
- Prof H Luders, of Berlin University—" I have read your excellent Introduction with the greatest interest and profit. Your profound knowledge of Sankara has enabled you to carve out new ways to the under standing of India's great philosopher. In my opinion your work is a mark in the exposition of Vedanta Philosophy, and anybody who will take up in future those problems will have to deal with your views. You have solved some of the riddles proposed by apparent contradictions in the texts and I am sure we shall have to modify considerably the prevalent opinion on Sankara Philosophy."
  - Dr P K Roy, D Sc (Lond and Edin) —" The Preface is well conceived as well as well written, and the book bears evidence of your labour and thought to give correct interpretations and to remove misinterpretations in all disputed and difficult points. You have done a great service to the cause of the true Religion of the Hindus by publishing this English version."
  - Prof S Radhalrishnan, Vice-Chancellor, The Andhra University —"
    I read with the greatest interest your valuable gift of Adwarta Philosophy
    As you may imagine, I appreciate very much your strenuous attempt to
    repudiate the popular view of the world-negating character of Sankara's
    philosophy What struck me most in your book apart from its wealth of
    learning, was your independence of mind which is rather rare among Indian
    thinkers of the present day \*\*
  - Professor Dr L Stcherbotsky, of Leningrad University, Russia "I am full of admiration for your wonderful knowledge of Sankara, and I have profit ed a great deal from its perusal"
  - Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland, July, 1926—"The author is to be congratulated on having produced a very well-written and remarkably clear and able book dealing with a very thorny and difficult subject—the non-dualistic philosophy of the great-Vedantist San kara Mr Sastri has collected a large number of passages of great value and

importance from the writings of Sankara and has expounded them with marked ability. His treatment of Sankara's philosophical position is done with great skill.

The Magazine—Shia kyo ken Vyn (Religious Research), Vol. III, Part 6, 1st November, 1926, of Tokyo University, Japan —"It seems that the author is an authority on the Vedanta system of Philosophy in the Calcutta University of India He has studied and mastered thoroughly the vast knowledge of the Sankaia Philosophy The last two chapters are very interesting and give new light on the subject, "(Original in Japanese)

The Prager Presse (A German Periodical) writes a lengthy review from which only some lines are given below—' One of the most important of such publications is "An Introduction to Adwarta Philosophy," which distinguishes itself from the average publications of its kind in a considerable measure. The author is conversant with all the minutest details of the subject, interprets it correctly and intelligently in a scientific method and his book is therefore a valuable contribution towards the right understanding of India's ciational philosophy. One of the great ments of the book is the clearness of the representations and the synoptical arrangement of Sankara's Philosophy."

The Indian Review (of Madras)—" The present work under review is an able treatise aiming to simplify and popularise the difficult system of Adwaita philosophy, and the learned author has endeavoured to furnish the student and the general reader with the right views about the teachings of Sankaia on each of the topics treated therein. No pains have been spared to make the work a suitable introduction to the study of Vedanta an indispensable companion for any full understanding of Sankara's position.

The Calcutta Review—July, 1925 —From a lengthy review of the book chapter by chapter, only a few lines are here extracted— 'Pandit Kohileswar Sastri is already known among the savants of the East and the West and we are glad to see that he has well maintained the high tradition of scholarship for which his family is famous in Bengal

Even when we fail to see eye to eye with our author's interpretation, supported though it is by closely-reasoned arguments and extensive quotations, we have to admit that he has for the first time cleared the atmosphere to enable an open mind to distinctly discern how Sankara has been misunderstood and misinterpreted by his Western critics. The author's own view regarding the right interpretation of Sankara has nothing hazy or equivocal and there is no halting statement, no vacillation, no lunking doubt anywhere in his mind as to the correctness of this interpretation made in the light of Sankara's own utterances combined together from a very large number of Sankara's compensaries.

The Forward, October 3, 1926—" Prof Sastri's 'Adwarta Philosophy' no longer requires any advertisement through the press. The book has al ready made its mark as one of the inchest contributions to modern research on the 'Adwarta Philosophy'. In Prof Sastri that philosophy has got a very lucid exponent as a piece of original research the book has received unqualified admiration from Indian as well as European scholars"

Adwaitavad (Bengali), by Kokileswai Sastri, Vidyaratna, M.A. (Second Edition, revised and enlasyed) Royal Svo pp 255 1926 Rs 3-8.

In the present work the author has given an admirable exposition of the Vedantic theory of Adwaitavada in all its different aspects. The work consists of five chapters. In the first chap-

ter, the nature of Nirgun Brahma and its relation to the world and the individual souls have been discussed and Sankara has been absolved from the charge of Pantheism In Chapter II the nature of the individual Beings and Selves has been discussed The fact that the Sankara school has not resolved the 'Individual 'into qualities and states has been carefully examined. In Chapter III the author thoroughly discussed the doctrine of the 'Unreality of the Universe' and has attempted to prove that the Sankaia school has not abolished the reality of the world Chapter IV discusses the ethical theory, individual freedom, the Brahma-Sakshatkara, the 'contemplation of the Beautiful' and the final salvation in the transcendental goal. Here the relation between Kaima and Jnana has been well brought out and bears the impress of originality In Chapter V, an attempt has been made to trace the Mayavada of the Sankara school to the Rig-Veda as its original source Numerous authoritative texts have been quoted at foot-notes enhancing the value of the book No student of Philosophy ought to be without a copy of this

Ethics of the Hindus, by Susil Kumar Maitra, MA., Lecturer in Philosophy, Calcutta University. Royal 8vo pp 370. 1925 Rs. 4-8

In this book the author has tried to give a philosophical exposition of Hindu Ethical ideas. What he has attempted is an analytical exposition of Hindu Ethics as distinguished from the historical. One of the excellent features of the book is the comparisons between Indian and European Philosophers which the author has introduced in explaining concepts and ideas which are peculial to the Hindus

Prof J H Muirhead, M A., Ph D., University of California (late of Birmingham) — "I may say however how much I value the attempts of your book and others which have recently come under my scrutiny, notably Professor Radhakrishnan's histories, to make the Philosophies of India more accessible to English readers both in Great Britain and in America We find, I think, great difficulty not only in the language but on account of the great multitude of thinkers and views and any efforts to reduce these to simplicity and make the study of them more attractive seem to me a real contribution to a better understanding between East and West So far from agreeing with the critics you mention in your Preface that comparisons should be avoided, I think that the comparisons you introduce between Indian and European philosophers are an excellent feature of your book — As more specific studies of aspects of philosophy yours seem to me to come well after more general ones like Professor Radhakrishnan's, and as more specific still of particular ethical tendencies or doctrines, will, I am sure, be welcomed "

Lords Haldane — "The work is an interesting outcome of much research into the subject. It has the advantage of being a philosophical exposition of Hindu ethical ideas, instead of a mere history of the succession of these forms. The comparison with western ideas on the subject. I have found valuable."

Mahamahopadhyay Dr. Ganganath Jha, MA, DLitt, Vice Chancellor, University of Allahabad—"I have looked into the book 'The Ethics of the

Hindus' by S. K. Maitia, and have much pleasure in bearing tectimony to its excellence. It supplies a clear and pretty accurate account of the Hindu ethical conception in all its bearings. The weak point of the book however has in the omission of references to the original course, upon which the whole work is professedly, and very rightly, breed. How keenly the want of such references is felt will be clear when we refer to page 18%, where certain views of Prabhakara and Kumirila are expounded in terms to modernly scientific that one would like to compare the statement with the words of the old author. But this is an omission which becomes marked only like a spot of ink on a white piece of cloth, and one would not have noticed it if the work had not been otherwise most commendable. The author deserves to be congratulated on his work."

Prof E W Mollin, of Yale Inverses.— The subject is treated in a new light with great thoroughness and marked ability and is a very valuable addition to our knowledge of ethical authority and the bases recognised by the different schools of thought.

am glad to say, has substantial ment. It contains their proof of wide reading, and of eareful examination of the philosophical doltrines of the great systems of Indian Philosophy Much of the material, if not precisely new, is presented under fresh aspects, and the book will be a valuable aid to those engaged in studying Indian Philosophy, both by reason of the positive value of the results and on account of the fruitful discent which some of the opinions expressed will certainly evoke."

Journal of Philosophical Studies, January, 1923 - "We can congratulate the author upon the scholarly and comprehensive way in which he presents the systems of Hindu Ethics and shows their very solid foundation

"Mr Maitra takes us over the main points of the psycho ethical analysis of Self, as propounded in the familiar systems of Indian philosophy (Sankhva, Yoga, Mimansa, Vedanta, Vaisheshika, Nyaya). This he does, not according to their historical sequence, but from a general human point of view regarding them all as manifestations of a uniform mentality. The value of the treatment cannot be overstated, for it leads us back to common principles as well as to self analysis, two factors which are easily neglected by the student of religion and ethics. To derive a phenomenon from its antecedent does neither explain nor justify it completely, or as the author says, 'Continuity is not identity'

"The book presents a complete analysis of volition, conscience, purpose, virtue, and of the ethico spiritual ideal (in its typical Hindu aspect of molsha or emancipation) finishing with a thorough review of the moral standards in Hindu ethics. As the author quotes very extensively from authoritative Sanskrit sources, it is impossible to understand the discussion without a knowledge of Sanskrit, be it only in order to check the English translation of philosophical terms, in which the author has been quite successful

"The book will be welcomed by all students of Indian philosophy"

James Bisset Pratt in the Philosophical Review, July, 1927 -

"Mr Maitra is one of the younger members of that group of Indian thinkers who in our day are attempting to make the philosophy of their country a living force. Almost as if by deliberate co-operation, works of a truly philosophical nature, in exposition of Indian thought as thought; have appeared from the pens of men like Babu Bhagavan Das, the late Mr Vasudeva Kirtikar, Mr Coomaraswamy, Mr Ranade, Professors Radhakrishnan and Dasgupta, not to mention less technical writers like Tagore and Muckerje. The book under review began as a thesis written in competition for a student-ship in 1916, and after it had gained the award it was developed, over several years, into a book. It is based on a study of the original sources—uo second-hand paraphrase of others' work—and its aim, like the aim of the

other Indian writers to whom reference was made above, is essentially philo sophical rather than historical. In this it differs from the excellent little book by Professor Hopkins bearing almost the same title (Ethics of India), which was published just one year before Mr Maitra's 'Both books are admirable in presentation and each succeeds in its chosen task. But, in spite of the similarity in the titles, the chosen tasks are different. And Mr Maitra, himself a Hindu in faith as well as in birth, is able to present Indian ethical philosophy with a conviction Professor Hopkins, with all his sympathy, could hardly feel, as having a just claim upon the acceptance of mankind

"Mr Maitra is a student not only of Indian but of European thought In fact one of the aspects of his work which he thinks of most value consists in the running comparisons that he makes between Hindu and Western views 'The author,' he says of himself, 'cannot conceive of any really useful enquiry into meaning and significance except through resolutions into the familiar and easily recognized modern equivalents by interpretation he means simply this bringing out of agreements and differences with the ideas that obtain to day '

"It may be admitted, however, that the plan of exposition adopted serves to bring out certain important points in Indian thought and makes an excellent plan of presentation. Under "Objective and Social Ethics." Mr Maitra arranges the various classifications of the duties, as dependent on caste and stage of life and upon the common nature of humanity, expounding in turn the treatment of Manu, Prashastapada, the Mimansa, and Ramanuja's view. In Part II are presented, with a good deal of skill, many of the subtle psychological distinctions made by various Hindu schools of thought in the analysis of volition, of conscience, and of the springs of action. To this second part is devoted the major portion of the book, and the reader will find within it an exposition of many points of Hindu psychology as well as of ethics not elsewhere available in English. Part III is much briefer, and rightly so, dealing as it does with a subject so much better known through European works—the ethico spiritual ideal of the various schools, and the methods proposed by them for its realization. Lack of space forbids more detail in this very inadequate account of a valuable book. But in brief summary it should be said that Mr Maitra has shown himself a sound scholar and a careful and unprejudiced thinker, and that his book will be of real service to all those who would know more of the contribution which India has made to the study of morality."

Vedantaparibhasha, edited by Mahamahopadhyay Anantakrishna Sastii, Lecturer in Vedanta and Mimansa, Calcutta University, with a Foreword by Prof S Radhakrishnan, MA, King George V Professor of Mental and Moial Philosophy, Calcutta University Second and Enlarged Edition Royal 8vo pp 529 1930 Rs 6.

The work is a systematic exposition and defence of the Advaita theory of knowledge by Dharmaraja (17th century AD) It has eight chapters in which important problems of Advaita philosophy, such as the nature of the pramānas, grades of reality or to be more accurate, unreal by, the relation of Brahman, Isvara and Jīva, the nature and status of the world, the relation of māyā and avidyā, salvation and the way to attain it, have been discussed with great care and cleverness. The present edition contains the text as well as an excellent commentary (Paribhasa-Prakashika) by Mahamahopadhyay Pandit AK Sastri, who has attempted to interpret the Paribhasa in a

most lucid way with pertinent illustrations and has critically discussed the views of the different schools of Advaitavada The book will prove of immense value to Tols and Colleges where Vedanța Philosophy is studied

- Advaita Brahmasiddhi (in Devanagii), by Kasmiraka Sri Sadananda Yati with critical notes of Vamana Shastri and Mahamahopadhyay Gurucharan Tarkadarshantirtha. Revised by Mahamahopadhyay Gurucharan Tarkadarshantirtha and Pandit Panchanan Tarkavagish Demy 8vo pp 315+32 Rs 3-12
- Some Aspects of the Doctrines of Maitreya (natha) and Asanga, by Piof G Tueci (Readership Lectures delivered at the University) Demy Svo pp 83 1930 Re 1-8
- The Historical Socrates and the Platonic Form of the Good (Readership Lectures for 1930), by A D Lindsay, LL D, Master of Balliol College, Oxford Demy 8vo pp 33 As 4
- The Basic Conception of Buddhism (Adharchandra Mookervee Lectures, 1932), by Mahamahopadhyaya Pandit Vidhushekhara Bhattacharyya Demy Svo pp 109 Re 1-12

An attempt has been made here to show that while the sages of the Upanishads advocated the doctrine of Atman for the cessation of sufferings which arise from desire, the Buddha took a very bold step and propounded the theory of Anatman, and yet arrived at the same destination, starting from an opposite direction

\*The book is written in a very lucid and erudite style

Mahāmahopādhyāya Dr Ganganath Jha, of Allahabad University writes—this small book has given me a clearer idea of Buddhism than any other book. This book is fully 'documented' and yet written in a popular style—a rather rare combination'

Dr M Winternitz, of Piague University, Czecho Slovakia, writes —"It is a pleasure to follow the author who is equally at home in the philosophical literature of Brahmanism as in both the Buddhist Pali and Sanskrit literatures, in tracing the main ideas of Buddhism back to their Bahmanic sources."

- Dr. M Walleser, Heidelberg —" according to my modest opinion—a considerable step towards a universal and at the same time harmonious understanding of Buddhism with its bewildering aspects of seeing incongruity I readily confess having learnt a lot of things from the luminous statements of the revered author
- A Bernedale Keith of the Edinburgh University, writes The work is a very clear and effective exposition of one view of the Anatman doctrine, and will be most useful on that account
- E. J Thomas, Deputy Librarian of the Cambridge University, writes -written with a wide knowledge and mastery of the original sources
  a direct treatment written from a quite independent standpoint, and
  so free from the traditional accretions of modern theories'

## VI. ECONOMICS, POLITICS, COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

- The Theory of Profits, by P C Ghosh, M.A, Lecturer in Economics in the University of Calcutta Demy 8vo pp. 464 1933 Rs 7-8
  - 1 It analyses the various theories of profit and examines their fundamental assumptions
  - 2 It maintains that pure profit is merely an analytical concept of surplus, based upon an arbitrary standard of calculating business costs
  - 3 It argues that the risk theory simply states the problem of pure profit and does not present its solution
    - 4 It brings out the limitations of the marginal productivity theory of distribution and indicates why it cannot explain the nature nor determine the amount of the businessman's income
    - 5 It points out that the peculiarity of profit lies in the induced method of earning the income and not in the nature of the services that help, industrially or financially, to turn out a product
    - 6 It contends that the nature of profit cannot be fruitfully described as a surplus, nor can it be regarded as a result of the industrial process. It is the outcome of the mercantile processes involved in the modern organisation of production
    - 7 It represents profit as the inducet return that a property brings to its owner for the labour or capital employed by him in acquiring it exclusively
    - 8 It emphasises the importance of profit in the maintenance of industrial equilibrium and indicates the sources from which disequilibrium may possibly ensure

- "No branch of economic theory is more in need of clarification, both for scientific and practical reasons, than the theory of profit Mr Ghosh's book is accordingly opportune and valuable. It begins with a thorough, lucid and accurate account of all the main theories of profit so far put forward. Mr Ghosh then works out his own analysis, and reaches conclusions which are interesting and in some degree original. Profit, he argues, is "secured as the combined effect" of the business man's "still both in production purchase and sale". It is to be explained by the virtually "mercantile nature of his social functions as a whole "Mr Ghosh also examines profits as a casual factor in the dynamic economic process. The book as a whole is a pointed reminder how far the analysis of profits has been carried by modern economics since the classical surplus theory on which Mark founded his system "—The Times Literary Supplement.
- "This book is worth reading It indicates the bewildering variety of meanings given by economists to the concept profit. It shows that the profit-share cannot be considered adequately before one establishes a complete distribution theory. And, closely related to this point, it also indicates that profit as a distinctive income share must be considered as an income share related to all other income shares taken together "—The Journal of Political Economy.
- "His [Mr Ghosh's] exposition is lucid and his analysis interesting and penetrating, and in places original "—The Economic Journal
- J M Keynes, Esq, MA, CB —"I saw enough of your work, and took part in enough discussions with you to be quite clear in my own mind that you had made a great deal of progress towards the heart of this difficult and fascinating theory"
- Prof J A Schumpeter, JUD, PhD, University of Harvard—"I believe the starting point—the idea of the 'indirect return'—to be a happy one, and the general structure of the argument to be sound. The book is certainly a very good performance and ought to conquer a place for you in the scientific profession."
- M H Dobb, Esq, MA, Lecturer in Economics, Cambridge University—"I certainly think that you have got one or two central ideas of very considerable value in your book, and your general survey of theories of profits is interesting and useful"
- Dr P Sraffa, Lecturer in Economics, Cambridge University—"A respectable piece of work and some original contribution"
- Wages and Profit-sharing (with a Chapter on Indian conditions), by R N Gilchrist, MA, Labour Intelligence Officer, Government of Bengal Royal 8vo pp 424 1924 Rs. 7-0

This book deals with three subjects. The first part is taken up with a description of the various systems of wage payment, viz, the time wage, the piece-work wage, premium bonus systems, systems of payment connected with scientific management and other systems. The second part deals with profit-sharing and co-partnership in the United Kingdom and other countries and is an exhaustive analysis of the principles underlying them The third part of the book deals with general conditions of Indian labour, industrial peace in India and the payment of wages in India with special reference to payment in kind. Tea garden

and colliery labour are dealt with in some detail. Finally there are two appendices one dealing with a comparative study of recent legislation on conciliation and arbitration and also of tradeboards and works councils and the other giving in extenso the recent proposals of the Government of India regarding trade disputes and trade imions

- "The author, who is a graduate of the Aberdeen University, has already revealed his skill in this class of work in a volume on 'Conciliation and Arbitration' His writing is characterised by lucedity and reflects a wide and comprehensive knowledge of the subjects with which he deals "—The Aberdeen Press and Journal, Feb 24, 1925
- "An exhaustive inquiry into the questions of wages, profit-sharing and co partnership "—The Statist, London, May 16, 1925
- "This careful and comprehensive piece of work is in fact a dictionary of profit sharing, though the author does not reach his main subject till after some rather long-winded chapters on the methods of paying wages. He then examines the countries of the world in turn, notices what profit sharing schemes have been established, their scope and measure of success. This is the most valuable part of the book, but the most interesting is certainly the appendix on Indian conditions. Mr Gilchrist shows how different these are from those of this country, and advises great caution in applying British factory legislation to India."—Times Literary Supplement, London

# Factory Legislation in India, by J C Kydd, M A Royal 8vo pp. 198. Rs. 4-8.

This publication discusses the conditions and terms of employment of factory labour by tracing a history of the Indian Factory Acts since 1802

Contents The first Indian Factory Act The Bombay Factory Commission of 1884-85 Interest in Indian Factory Labour in the United Kingdom The Indian Factory Commission of 1890 and the Act of 1891 Controversy between Trade Rivals—Night work The Textile Factories Labour Committee of 1906 The Indian Factory Labour Commission of 1908 and the Act of 1911 The Indian and British Factory Acts The International Labour Conference and the Indian Factory Act The Indian Factories Acts, 1881 and 1911

## Regulations of Jail Labour. Demy 8vo pp 14 As 6

This booklet presents Government opinion on the subject of Jail Industries in British India, with special reference to their competition with similar industries carried on by private enterprises

History of Police Organisation in India (Being select chapters of the Report of the Indian Police Commission, for 1902-03) Demy 8vo pp 53. As 12.

The book shows how from its carliest stages the working of the Police has come up to what it is to-day and what part it plays in establishing order in the society and what further improvements it requires for the betterment of social relationship

Man and Machine Power in War and Reconstruction, by Capt J W. Petavel, R.E (Retd), Lecturer on the Poverty Problem, Calcutta University, with a Foreword by Sir Asutosh Mookerjee, Kt., CSI Demy 8vo pp. 164. 1918. Re 1-8

In this book the author has tried to solve the great poverty problem by showing how the economic condition of the country can be improved by machine-power, only when individuals, for whose benefit it is applied, co-operate and how man-power serves little purpose without the aid of machine-power

Self-Government and the Bread Problem, by the same author. Demy 8vo pp 128. Second Edition. (Board.) 1921. Re. 1-8.

Do. (Cloth) Re. 1-14.

The work is a series of four lectures on Poverty Problem delivered in the Calcutta University

The fundamental fact dealt with in this book is that industrial progress having rendered very great use of unskilled labour possible, the foundation of a co-operative organisation might be laid with the young to their own immense advantage. The book solves problems of the greatest moment to the State

Non-Co-operation and the Bread Problem, by the same author. Demy 8vo pp 23 1921. As 6

This booklet is the first lecture of a series delivered in the Calcutta University, with appendices

In this treatise the author presents his views with regard to economic organisation and shows how it can help industrial development of the country befitting the masses

Economic Causes of Famines in India (Beereswar Metter Medal, 1905), by Satischandia Ray, M.A. Demy 8vo pp 85 Rs 4-4.

The causes of famine and remedies against it have been elaborately discussed in this book and a statistical information adduced shewing the financial effect of the calamity and its relation to mortality. The author shows by facts and arguments as also by quoting several extracts from official records that true remedies he in the hands of Government.

# Agricultural Indebtedness in India and its Remedies, by Satischandia Ray, M.A. Royal 8vo pp. 493 Rs. 7-0.

It treats of Indian economic problems in one of their aspects, the materials being collected from old and maccessible Blue Books, proceedings of Legislative Councils, and Government Reports and Publications The compilation is designed to be a source-book and guide for advanced students and teachers who desire to prosecute a special study of Indian Economics

Contents Chapter I Indebtedness of the Land-holding Classes Chapter II Grant of Loans and Advances to Agriculturists Chapter III Relief of Indebted Agriculturists Chapter IV Restrictions on the Alienation of Lands Chapter V Provision of Borrowing Facilities.

Problems of Rural India, by Piof N Gangulee, B Sc, Ph.D (London), Professor of Agriculture, Calcutta
University, Member of the Royal Commission on Indian Agriculture Royal Svo pp 166 1928 Rs 2-4

The work is a collection of Lectures delivered in India and England on the following subjects

- 1 Problem of Increased Food Production in India.
- 2 The Need for the study of Agricultural Economics in India
  - 3 Agriculturist Industries
  - 4 Plea for Rural Reconstruction
  - 5 The Problem of Rural Life in India
  - 6 The British Commonwealth and the Indian Peasant
  - 7 Indian Politics and Rural Reform
  - 8 The Next Step in Indian Agricultural Development
  - 9 Among the Indian Ruial Folk
  - 10 Real India
  - 11 The Common Task before us
  - 12 Rural Bengal.

Land Revenue Administration in India, by Satischandia Ray, M A Royal Svo pp 142 Rs 2-13

Compiled from red-letter reports of the five major provinces of India revised by the Governments. The book deals with matters of immense interest to a great majority of the population of India. Apart from its purely financial aspect, the book is of great importance from the social and political point of view.

Wealth and Welfare of the Bengal Delta (Thesis approved for the Degree of Doctor of Science in the University of London), by S. G. Panandikai, M.A., Ph.D. Royal 8vo pp. 372—1926. Rs. 5

The author has examined and analysed in detail the economic life of the Bengal Delta in all its aspects and has shown that its economic conditions are gradually tending to approximate more and more to those in the West. He has also suggested practical remedies for the defects in the economic organization of the Delta. It is not only a valuable work to the student of economics, but is also expected to be of great help to the politician and the administrator

- Ancient System of Irrigation in Bengal, by Sır Wıllıanı Wıllcocks Demy 8vo pp 134 Re 1-8
- Lectures on Indian Railway Economics, by S C Ghose, Lecturer, Calcutta University; late General Manager of the BK, AK, KF, and BDR Rys, and also for some time Special Officer with the Railway Board, Government of India, Railway Department.

Part I (Second Edition, thoroughly revised) Demy 8vo pp 132-1927. Rs 2-0

Part II Demy 8vo pp 98 Rs 3-0

, Part III Demy 8vo pp 166 (Slightly worm-eaten) Reduced price Rs 2-4.

A comprehensive idea of Railway economics, Railway rates, Railway finance and of all up-to-date Railway problems, such as State vs Company management, grouping of railways, train and

traffic control, coal traffic transportation, and loco coal contracts and of lailway transportation working in detail can be had from a study of these books Part I deals with railway economics, finance and rates Part II deals with all the transportationsubjects, starting from making of embankments and ending with traffic and train control and pooling of wagons, and Part III deals with the more intricate problems of management

"These lectures are essentially practical, and students who peruse them carefully will, undoubtedly, gain considerable insight into the various problems confronting railway working in India "—Modern Transport, June 9,

Organization of Railways, by the same, author Demy 1927 Re 1-8 8vo pp 32

In this book the author has discussed in great detail the systems of Railway Organization in India and in other countries and has made valuable suggestions regarding the proper division of responsibility among all branches of the railway operating departments It is an interesting treatise and is expected to help readers to understand properly the very complex problems of the Indian Railways

- Development of Indian Railways, by Nahnaksha Sanyal, MA, PhD (Lond) Royal 8vo pp xvi+397 Rs 5-0. 1930
  - In this book the author has dealt historically and critically with the policy, finances, management, lates and fares, law, and traffic and working results, etc., of Indian Railways, from the beginning up to 1928-29, and has indicated the lines along which improvements are called for It is the most comprehensive and up-to-date work on Indian Railways, as approved by the University of London for the degree of Ph D (Ex) in Economics, 1929

"It is a well-informed and excellently written treatise which will amply repay the study of anyone interested in the subject of Indian railway development"—Great II estern Railway Magazine, Feb 1931

Protection for Indian Steel, by E H Solomon, BA. (Cantab), sometimes Scholar of King's College, Cambridge, Professor of Political Economy, Presidency College, Calcutta, and Benaies Hindu University Royal 8vo pp 120 Rs 5-0.

The problems dealt with in the book are Is protection necessary? Marginal vs high protection Comparative costs of

production The conditions for Imperial preference Methods and extent of Protection Bounties and import duties Subsidiary industries and their treatment

Elementary Banking, by B Ramachandia Rau, MA, LT, PhD (Second Edition, thoroughly revised and enlarged) Demy 810 pp 367 1931 Rs 4

This little book gives a clear idea of a Commercial Bank and its theory and estimates the economic importance of their operations, vir, Bank deposits, Note-issue, Diafts, Discounts, Loans and Advances, Investments and Acceptances. It will be a very useful book for commercial students who desire to understand the work of a bank how it obtains its capital, how that capital is employed, how profits arise and are distributed and how again a Commercial Bank fails

- "It is clear and concise "-The American Economic Review
- "A valuable handbook on Indian Banking "-The United Provinces Co operative Journal.
- Economics of Leather Industry, by the same author Demy 8vo pp 194 1926 Rs. 2-8

In this book the author makes a careful economic survey of the existing sources of supply and deals with the economic importance of leather, causes of the decline of the indigenous leather industry, the export trade of raw hides and skins and the possibilities of successful leather industry in this country. The book contains valuable suggestions for the improvement of the raw material on which the economic life of various branches of leather industry depends

- "The series of the articles ought to be read generally by all interested in the industries and commerce of India and particularly by those who are concerned with the leather industry and business "—Modern Review, April, May, June, 1925
  - The author is to be congratulated upon producing a clear and complete exposition of the Indian trade and of India's raw materials resources and the characteristics of them—the information it furnishes will be interesting and valuable to the leather trade universally and the work forms an important addition to the trade's technical literature "—The Leather Trades Review, 10th February, 1926
  - "The very able and practical monograph—his summary of suggestions deserves to be translated into the leading vernaculars of the country '—The Mysore Economic Journal
  - "A useful glossary of terms—The book should prove useful to those interested in the economic side of the leather industries in India "—The Bulle tin of the Imperial Institute.

- "The Book is altogether interesting and suggestive and would repay reading"—The Indian Journal of Economics
- "Prof Rau's volume is a great deal more than a mele academic treatise. He keeps himself in close contact with the market place and is therefore able to offer a number of suggestions which will certainly serve to stimulate the interest of those connected with the trade in the hitherto unexplored possibilities of the leather industry in India. The appendices undoubtedly enhance the intent of the book. We commend this book to businessmen and students alike "—The United Provinces Co operative Journa", July, 1926

# Inland Transport and Communication in Mediæval India, by Bijoykumar Sarkar, AB (Harvard), Lecturer in Economics, Calcutta University Royal 8vo pp 91 1925 Re 1-12

The object of this book is to study the methods of inland transport and communication in mediæval India, roughly from the 11th to the 18th century AD. In the preparation of this work, the chronicles of Mahomedan historians and the accounts of foreign travellers have been the author's principal sources of information.

- W H Moreland —"I have read Mr Sarkar's book on Inland 'Trans port with much interest, and I may say that, speaking generally, the method strikes me as sound and the execution satisfactory"
- Prof J Jolly, Ph D, University of Wurzburg, Bavaria—"Mr B K Sarkar's work on Inland Transport and Communication in Mediaeval India is no doubt a valuable production Mi Sarkar appears to have spared no pains to collect important materials from the most various sources. His book is very pleasant reading and presents a vivid picture of the means of Water and Liand Transport during the middle ages. The index is very copious and gives a good idea of the varied contents of the work."
- "Adequate and useful study of Transportation It is a useful service to gather the scattered references and organise the material in a systematic statement"—American Economic Review

Charles Gide — "Le petit livra de MS est d'une lecture agréable, comme serait celle d'un voyage à travers les âges et dans un pays qui n'a pas besoin du recul du temps pour être pittoresque. Une bonne part des reseignements donnés dane ce livre et les plus intéressants, est empruntée au livre d'un Fransais, Tavernier, dont le voyage dane l'Inde au vii Siècle parait avoir une valeur docummentaire, pour l'histoire de l'Indégale à celle du livre de voyage d'Arthur Young pour l'histoire de la France à la veille de la Rêvolution."

Paper Currency in India, by B B Dasgupta, M A Ph D (Cal), B Sc (Econ) (London), Reader Lucknow University Demy Svo pp. 332-1927 Rs 4-0

"The whole monetary organisation of India is at present being discussed and examined by the public as it never was before, and it is to be hoped that this book which deals exhaustively with our Paper Currency but incidentally also with many other phases of our monetary system will be carefully read by many of the public and will enlighten and guide their judgment. The

treatment and his work is based on careful and painstaling research. I have read with special interest, attention and instruction the last chapter dealing with the recommendations of the Royal Commission on Indian Currency and Finance. I only wish that many more critics of that Report possessed the scholarly endition and the well balanced judgment of our author.—From the Foreword by Prof. Sir. J. C. Conajec, At., I.E.S.

"Dr Dasgupta deserves the gratitude of all students of Indian Feono mies and those engaged in currency controversies for having, for the first time, singled out the whole theory and system of Indian paper currency for a clear analytic treatment, shorn of the many non-economic issues that rightly or wrongly have been allowed to clog it

The suggestions he makes are marked by a balanced and sound judg ment and deserve careful consideration "-Modern Review, December, 1927

Some Bengal Villages, an economic survey, edited by N C Bhattacharyya, M A, B L, and L A Natcsan, M A. B L, with a Foreword by Sir Daniel Hamilton, Ist Royal 8vo pp 236 Rs 3

The village surveys contained in this volume are the results of the students' efforts. The data will be of some use in stimulating original investigations into the rural conditions of Bengal

Land Problems of India, by Radhakamal Mukherjee, MA, PhD Demy 8vo pp 369 Rs 5

This book directs attention to the difficult problems that have daily to be faced by the Indian peasant and calls for reforms which would include a modified State landloidism—a new Zamindarism paving the way for a real agricultural partnership between landloid and tenant—and a rehabilitated village community

Dr Radhakamal Mukherjee has in this book used historical and comparative methods in dealing with different types of land holding and village structure and with their economic effects in India Methods of investigation such as those of Vinogradoff have been followed in tracing the development of clan, caste and communal distribution and village settlement in India Thus the book is an important contribution to Indian village origins and its approaches from the angles of comparative ethnology and economic history materially supplement Baden Powell's treatment of the subject

Even more important is its contribution towards understanding the complexities of the present land system and land unsettlement in India. The supersession of customary rights of peasants by landlord tenures and by the State, their economic weakness due to fractionalisation, the unfair distribution of the burden of taxtion, the multiplication of rent receivers, tenants and agricultural labourers, and the ease and frequency of transfers of land from cultivators to middle and money lending classes—all these betoken an agrarian crisis in the country. Professor Mukherjee's scheme of agrarian reform includes the modification of the Zamindari system and its approximation to share tenancy as in Italy and Japan, grant of permanence and heritability to all grades of tenants, a drastic reduction of sub letting and sub

infeudation, restriction of borrowing, mortgage and transfer, compulsory restripment and consolidation of holdings, exemption of undersized holdings from rent and revenue enhancement, a progressive rate of taxation of agricultural income, weighing heavily upon landlords, lessees, and all kinds of intermediaries, redemption and settlement of unsecured debts of agriculturists, abolition of usurious rates of interest and the establishment of debt conciliation and land courts in the villages

Dr Mukherjee is keenly alive to the changes in agrarian policy fore shadowed in the New Constitution when the peasantry will gain political power, and in the economic democracy, the first stirrings of which are visible in widespread peasant unrest and tenant revolt. He records the social and political reactions of the agrarian problem and concludes with a warning that to delay reform, whether from fear of angering vested interests, or from apathy towards the unvocal classes is to sow the seeds of revolution

- The Rights and Duties of the Indian Citizen (Second Series of Kamala Lectures), by the Rt Hon'ble Mr Siinivasa Sastii, PC Demy 8vo pp 126 1927 Re 1-8.
- Public Administration in India (lectures delivered before the University of Calcutta in 1926-27), by Akshaya K Ghose, Bar-at-Law, sometimes Professor of Law, History and Politics Royal 8vo pp xx1+743 Excellent get-up and full cloth binding 1930 Rs. 10-0.
  - The book deals with every aspect of the Government of India in action. In view of the forthcoming constitutional reforms in India and of the struggles on the part of the people for the attainment of self-government the work has a particular and practical importance, for, in it the author endeavours to examine and analyse in detail every aspect of the last reforms, from a purely academic point of view, and to assess their proper constitutional value. It is the only work of its kind and is entirely upto-date. A work of years of study and research, the book in itself is more complete and altogether covers a wider area than any book hitherto published, dealing with the same subject so as to be recognised as the most authoritative and accurate work on the Government of India in motion.

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1 Whitehall at Work (The India Office) (a) Brief description of the English Cabinet, (b) The Secretary of State for India and his staff, (c) Under-Secretaries, (d) Their powers and duties, (e) The Council of India, (f) Its composition, powers, duties and privileges, (g) Secretary of State in Council, (h) Procedure in Council

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- 5 Criminal (Climinal Justice) (a) History of the growth of Courts, (b) Climinal Law Courts of to day.

  (c) Their powers and privileges, (d) How worked
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  The CID, (h) Then Classification
- 7 National Defence (The Military) (a) History of the Army, (b) Constitution of the forces and their divisions, (c) Their work in peace, (d) Their work at war
- of Indian Financial System, (b) The Budget, (c) Budgetary Rules, (d) Budget in the legislature, Indian and Provincial, (e) Reserved budget, (f) Transferred budget, (g) Provincial Settlement and Contribution, (h) Provincial borrowing powers, (i) Financial adjustments
- 9 Laws, how made and by whom (Legislature and Law-making)
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    - (2) The Legislative Assembly (a) History, (b) Its form and strength; (c) Its power, (d) Process of Legislation; (e) Method of work

- (3) The Houses in Conflict
- (4) Certification
- (5) Provincial Legislatures (a) Historical Growth, Their form and strength, (c) How formed and by whom, (d) Their Power, (e) Process of legislation, (f) Method of work
- (6) The Executive and Legislature in Conflict

Prof A Berriedale Keith —" a very clear and careful exposition, a sound and thoughtful work which should be easily understood among wide circles of persons interested in understanding the actual constitution of India "

Prof Edward Jenks — I shall derive great benefit from its learning and accuracy And I desire to congratulate the University and the learned author heartily on the production of this monumental work

Prof Ernest Barker (Professor of Political Science in the University of Cambridge) —" I should like to say that when we make the develop ment of the Government of India since 1858 a subject of study in one of our Triposes here, I am sure that Mr Ghose's book will be a useful book for reference for our students "

Sir John A R Marriott - " It will be useful as a work of reference "

Prof J H Morgan -" I have already formed the conclusion that it is a most valuable contribution to a subject which has never been adequately dealt with Mr Ghose's work is the very book which all of us who are interested in constitutional developments in India have been waiting for "

Times Literary Supplement (London) —" The book furnishes a comprehensive review of Indian Governmental machinery"

Civil and Military Gazette -" Presented in a correct and logical form a welcome source of information to students of Indian constitu tion

Hindu (Madras) — has placed all those who are desirous of a sane, detailed and descriptive account under indebtedness a work of great utility

Liberty (Calcutta) " The readers will be bound to admire his presentations even when they differ the book is a mine of information

Bengalee (Calcutta) — examines with a scholarly outlook and large interpretative powers, in a thesis of great value masterly work admirably presented "

Patrika (Calcutta) —" Questions have been dealt with wealth of language and felicity of expression which at once command respect and create interest which does not flag until you come to the end has les cribed the delicate machinery of finance and revenue with surprising lucidity if reliable description and responsible criticism of the governmental machinery are to be obtained we need only turn to this book."

Advance (Calcutta) — " It is a pleasure to read it Mr Ghose has done a real service by putting in print the inner working of the different

branches of the administration Author has come to grips with the machinery of the administration. It is a vade mecum which ought to be in the hands of every student of the subject and publicist. An invaluable help to constructive thinkers and politicians solid contribution masterly historical introduction with which he has prefered every chapter.

Englishman —" wide knowledge and great lucidity. He knows how to take state machinery to pieces, to distinguish its essential from non essential parts, and to fit the pieces together again so as to show the functions performed by each in relation to others the book is bound to be

referred to as a work of authority

Calcutta Weekly Notes -" As the reader rises from his perusal of the book he is aware not only of some accession to knowledge but also of some definite feeling about every item he has learnt."

Modern Review -" a book which should be classed with the best standard works on the subject congratulate the author and the University of Calcutta for having brought out this excellent treatise on a subject which is now in the forefront "

Servant of India (Poona) — stating the problems dispassionately excellent as a descriptive and historical treatment of Indian administrative institutions

Harvard Law Review (USA) -" is indeed comprehensive historical outline at the outset of each chapter is a very valuable feature of the treatment of the Provincial government is highly com The volume presents a broad and highly suggestive view of mendable the British Indian political organisation of to day 'b'

A master-piece in itself eminently useful The Mahratta -" the book is sure to be will rank high in the great publications

Law Journal (Calcutta) -- amount of erudition and political sagacity fascinating style book of great merit excellent produc tion

The Case for Financial Justice to Bengal, by J. N Gupta, MA, I.CS (retd), Demy 8vo pp. 104 Re. 1-0.

A monograph dealing with the claims of Bengal for a redress of the injustice of depriving her of the major portion of her revenues and leaving her with totally inadequate and insufficient resources and reducing her to a position of marked inferiority as compared with the other provinces of India Tracing the early nevenue history of the Indian provinces the book shews the financial indebtedness of the rest of India to Bengal and the gradual depletion of the income allotted to Bengal owing to the adoption of fundamentally wrong and inequitable principles of the division of the Indian revenues between the Provinces and the Central Government The highly deleterious effects of this unjust treatment on the moral, material and political progress of the province have been described and a strong case made out that without a fairer distribution of her revenue there is no hope for Bengal in any scheme of administration however advanced

and democratic a proposition which the Bengal Legislative Council has just endorsed in a strongly worded Resolution. The Amrita Bazar Patrika and the Modern Review in favourably reviewing the book state that it contains a very forcible yet moderate exposition of the claims of Bengal which is particularly opportune at the present moment when this important matter is under discussion before the Financial Committee of the Round Table Conference.

History of Political Thought (From Rammohun to Dayananda 1821-84), Vol I Bengal by Bimanbihari Majumdar, MA, Premchand Roychand Scholar Demy 8vo pp 518 1934 Rs 4-8

In this book the author traces the ultimate growth of abstract political ideas in British India through a history of the activities of Indian political organizations and of the changing critical attitudes of Indian public men towards the Indo-British administration. The political ideas and theories of the greatest leaders of the Bengali thought in the pie-Congress era have been presented here for the first time in a compact and comprehensive form so as to enable the general readers as well as the statesmen and administrators to come to a better and quicker understanding of the trend of current politics

Marquess of Zetland (Lord Ronaldshay)—"I should like to congratulate you upon having produced a volume of great interest and value. I think that the chapter which interested me more than any other was the one on Bankim Chandra Chatterjee, for whom I have always had a great admiration. I hope that your volume will receive from the public the recognition which it deserves."

- Rt Hon Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru—"I have found it extremely interesting and informing I feel that your book will be very useful in giving the present generation of politicians some idea of the men who gave impetus to political thought in India in those far off days. I believe many of our young men have not heard of the names that you mention in your book."
- Dr A Berniedale Keith —" Contains a vast amount of information which is not familiar to students of political ideas even though well versed in western literature, and it is expressed with admirable lucidity. Moreover the author shows judgment and restraint in marked degree when dealing with matters of controversial type."

Sir Jadunath Sarkar, Kt. CIE—" The book breaks new gratural in the study of the history of modern India. The author has worked on sound lines by going to the original sources of his subject, especially the old periodical literature which is growing scarcir day by flay."

Dr. Helmuth Von Glasenapp (Konigsberg University) —" An excellent piece of work and I read it with the greatest interest"

The Hindu Educational and Literary Supplement (Madras), January 1 1935—" Mr. Majumdar must be admitted as having rendered a real service to politicious and students by collecting evidence of continued and intense political thinking during the formative period of Indian nationalism. His work will prove a valuable work of reference, the fruit of wide reading and assiduous research."

From the leading editorial article entitled the "Growth of Indian Nationalism" in the Amrita Bazar Patrika, Sept 27, 1931. "The history of the beginning of our national life has for the first time been published with all the anteredent factors and tendencies contributing toward it by Prof Bimanbehari Majumdir, MA, PRS, of Patria in his masterly work, 'History of Political Thought' From the standpoint of Indian nationalism Prof Mijumdar's book will be considered as having a percumil interest for the reader—a book that amply testifies to the writer's industry and sober scholarship. A few weeks ago Mr Syamapra-ad Mookerjee, the new Vice Chancellor of the Calcutta University gave expression to his desire of bringing the University into closer contact with the public life of the country, Prof Majumdar's work may be taken as the first step in that direction"

The Hindusthan Review, January, 1935." Prof. Majundar line elaborately discussed the lustory of political organisations in India since 1835. Wrong dates about the Lundholders' Society and the British Indian Society given in 'Political India' edited by Sir John Cumining (p. 17) should be revised in the light of the correct information supplied by the author in pp. 177-185 of this book. We must thank the author for his having taken so much trouble for utilizing for his work the original source, gathered from place to place. Reading old and brittle papers and manuscripts require great patience and skill which the author has fairly exhibited. His style is lucid and expression attractive, and the book being devoid of dull technicalities and also being sometimes enlivened by touches of humour will be pleasant reading for all whether specialists or general readers."

From the Leaderette in the Ananda Bazar Pairila, 90th Sept. 1931 "পাঁচশত পৃষ্ঠার এই গ্রহণানি বাঙ্গালাব রাচনীতি বিভাগেন এক কচ্না গ্রহশাপ প্রবর্তীদের আলোচনার প্রে আলোচন-বর্তিকাপ্রণ প্র দেখাইবে।"

Calcutta Review, December, 1934 "To achieve his task he has ransacked the whole mass of available literature and has carefully perused the pages of newspapers and periodicals, the names of which are well night forgotten in these days. Next to the author's industry, a reader is bound to admire his broad outlook, his clear vision and his unbiassed criticism of those whom he holds in high esteem. The author's styke is good and his language free from bombast. We all welcome the Volume and admire the author for his industry, erudition and clear analysis."

The Modern Review, March, 1935 "In spite of the qualities of scholar ship which appear almost on every page the book is not heavy reading. The author deserves our thanks for writing the first comprehensive account of our political consciousness in the interesting period of its germination

New Orissa, March 19, 1935 "His comparative study, sound evolution and scholarly research into the voluminous mass of polemical and, controver sial literature produced during this period make the book a precious guide in the wilderness of partisan writings. It is certainly one of the notable books which the Calcutta University has produced in recent years."

The Calcutta Municipal Gazette, June 15, 1935 "As a background of the present political history of India, it is unquestionably valuable, both for foreigners and Indians themselves"

#### VII. LAW

The Evolution of Law, by Naieschandra Sen Gupta, MA, DL, Advocate, Calcutta High Court Royal 800 pp 191 1925. Rs 2-8.

LAW 65

In this work the author gives a systematic treatment historical and comparative jurispindence on the basis of the most up-to-date knowledge of ancient laws and the laws and institutions of retaided races. The work is designed as an introduction to the study of the subject which is treated simply and in broad But it is not a more collection of the views of other While the opinions of all standard authorities on the main topics of evolutionary imisprudence are given, the author has given many new interpretations of facts and has put forward some stillingly new opinions. A remarkable feature of work is the ample use of materials taken from a historical study of Hindu Law which his litherto received for less attention than it deserved in connection with questions of evolutionary This line led the author to formulate new theories mrispiudence of the forms of family organisation marriage and kinship, law of mocedure of comes of the origin of property and of contract and a stakingly original theory of the law of Descent, which, it is hoped will be found worths of consideration by scholars. Contrue to accepted views the author traces the origin of laws of inheritance to donations mortis causa or at the time of renunciation and thus establishes the primacy of testamentary over intestate succession. In an appendix the author gives a discussion of the history of the Hindu Joint Family Law which throws much new light on the subject As the author points out in the prefice the state of our knowledge of the subject being what it is, it is impossible to systematise the knowledge of the subject without a certain measure of theorising This the author has done on a large on one's own account scale and in the treatment of every topic dealt with by him there are new thoughts and interesting new points of view presented which will furnish food for reflection

The Problems of Aerial Law, by Bijankumar Mukherjee, MA, DL Demy Svo pp 255 1925 Rs 2-8

The work is a thesis approved for the Degree of Doctor of Law It is divided into four chapters —

Chapter I Beginning and Development of Aerial Law In this chapter, the author has collected the earliest legal ideas on the subject and has attempted to show how these ideas gradually broadened down with increasing discoveries of human science

Chapter II Sovereighty of the Air Here the author has examined minutely the different theories that have been put forward by different junists and has suggested all possible arguments that could be advanced either for or against them

Chapter III Principles of International Law relating to the An Space This chapter has been subdivided into two parts. In the first part the author has analysed and examined in detail the 45 articles contained in the Air Navigation Convention of

1919 and has suggested alterations wherever the provisions appeared to him to be unsound in principle or unworkable in practice. The other part, which deals with questions of war and neutrality, is much more speculative in nature and the author has built up the law with such materials as were furnished by the analogy of the existing usages of maintime warfare and the practices of the combatants in the last great European War

Chapter IV Principles of Municipal Law relating to the Air Space In this chapter the author's principal effort has been to establish that a perfectly consistent theory affording a complete solution of the several problems of private law that arise in connection with the use of an space may be constructed from the principles of English Common Law as they have been applied by English and American Courts

Effect of War on Contracts (Onauth Nauth Deb Prize, 1917), by Praphullachandia Ghosh, MA, BL Demy 8vo pp 152 Rs 4-8

The book describes at length the changes brought about by the last European War in the commercial and financial relations of nations and individuals

Trading with the Enemy (Onauth Nauth Deb Prize, 1918), by A C Gupta, MA., BL. Demy 8vo pp 146 Rs 4-8.

The volume deals with the general principles of the law (according to the English Common Law) of Trading with the Enemy to which the last European War lent interest and prominence

Legal Aspects of Strikes (Onauth Nauth Deb Prize, 1919), by Prabodhchandra Ghosh, MA, BL. Demy Svo pp 61 Rs. 2-4

In the opinion of the author, concerted movements of labour analogous to strikes are as old as history itself. In dealing with the history of strikes he, therefore, traces their origin and course, not only from a legal point of view but, also from a historical standpoint and discusses the remedial measures in the light of the condition of labour in other countries

Occupancy Right Its History and Incidents (Onauth Nauth Deb Prize), by Radharaman Mookerjee, B.L.,

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Vakil, Calcutta High Court Author of the Law of Benami. Demy 8vo pp. 436. Rs. 6-0.

The work contains a history of Land Tenure in India from the earliest Vedic age down to the modern times and traverses practically most of the important and relevant portions of the Bengal Tenancy Act as explained in the leading cases on the subject, and indicates the basic principles, thereof not done in any other previous publication

Position of Women in Hindu Law, by Dwarka Nath Mitra, M.A., D L, Judge, High Court, Calcutta Demy 8vo pp 758. Rs. 12-0.

The work is a thesis approved for the Degree of Doctor of Law in the University of Calcutta. It is generally based on original research as well as on the results achieved by previous writers on Hindu Law. It traces historically the various stages in the development of the position of women in Hindu Law.

#### General Contents

Chapter I Introductory Scope of the subject Development of Hindu Law in different periods—Sources of Hindu Law

Chapter II Status of Women generally Right of Women to Upanayan and to the study of the Vedas Tendency in Dharma Shastras to reduce women to the level of Shudras Dependence is only moral and not legal subjection. Views of European writers on the question of dependence Judicial interpretation of the dependence of Women Theory of perpetual tutelage. Views taken by different High Courts. Testamentary capacity of Women under Hindu Law. Right of daughters and sisters to maintenance.

Chapter III Status of Wife and the Law of Marriage—Raghunandan's definition of marriage Marriage of Women not compulsory in the Vedic ages Different forms of marriage—Capacity of persons to marry Whether marriage of widows is allowable Rule of prohibited degrees in marriage Intermairiage between different castes Marriage of a Hindu with a Christian woman not invalid Formalities attending marriage—Wife's right to maintenance Divorce

Chapter IV Status of Widows Power of Widow to adopt —Divergence of opinion in different Schools Right of Hindu Widow to maintenance Widow marriage

Chapter V Proprietary Position of Women (Inheritance, Interpretation of Vedic Texts concerning inheritance by leading commentators Widow's right to inherit Principles of succession of daughters in the Bengal School

Chapter VI Proprietary Rights of Women Stridhan Extent of the rights of a woman over her Stridhan Three classes of Stridhan, etc

Chapter VII Status of Courtesans and Dancing Girls Concubines tolerated by Hindu Law Rules governing status of dancing girls

The Theory of Adoption (Jogendiachandia Ghosh Prize, 1909), by Pandit Duivasula Sinam Sastin Demy &vo pp 59 Rs 3-12.

It discusses the origin and merits of the theory of adoption in a Hindu family

Separation of Executive and Judicial Functions, by R. N. Gılchrıst, M. A. Demy 8vo pp. 244. Rs. 4-0.

The Hindu Philosophy of Law, by Radhabinode Pal, M.A., D.L. Demy 8vo pp. 176 Rs 6.

In this book the author has directed his efforts mainly towards an unfolding of early Hindu fundamental conception of law and has confined himself to the Vedic and post-Vedic times prior to the Institutes of Manu. The second, third, fourth and fifth chapters particularly, which relate to an enquiry into the philosophical conceptions of Law, contain original matters, treated in an original way.

Law of Primogeniture (Tagore Law Lectures delivered in the Calcutta University in 1925), by Radhabinode Pal, M.A., D.L. Royal 8vo pp. 556. 1930 Rs. 12.

In these lectures the author has traced the origin and growth of primogeniture in various countries. The bulk of the volume, however, is devoted to tracing the development of the law in India and for this purpose the author having started from the remotest times has fully examined how these various rules attained their present state. He has also discussed in this volume all possible modern problems and has dealt with the actual application of the law signalizing the divergences of opinion and of practice.

- the author reveals wide learning in the ancient literature and in the modern problems facing the courts. The contribution of the work is its emphasis upon the religious element in primogeniture, even in systems where partition of the economic assets of the family is practised. Thus primogeniture in India is conceined largely with religious functions and with the descent of offices. These have been treated by the courts (under English influence) as if they were property, and the artificial English conception of custom has even been transported to that country. Appalling confusion is the result, as Dr. Pal lucidly and ably demonstrated "—Harvard Law Review, Vol. XLIV, No. 2, December 1930, p. 329
- Katyayana-Mata-Sangraha, by Naiayanchandia Banerjee, MA, Lecturer in the Departments of History and Anthropology, Calcutta University Royal 8vo pp 92 1927 Rs 2-4

The work is a collection of over 800 verses which are the legal fragments of Katyayana relating to Vyavahāra (solution of a dispute)

- Law of Fixtures in British India (Onauth Nauth Deb Prize Thesis, 1928), by Manmathanath Ray, MA., B.L. Royal 8vo pp 165 Rs 3-12
- The Modern Theories of Jurisprudence, Vol. II, by Karunamay Basu, MA, BL Royal 8vo pp 218. Rs. 4.
- Hindu Law of Evidence or a Comparative Study of the Law of Evidence according to the Smritis, by Amaieswar Thakui, MA, PhD Royal 8vo pp 277 xvi 1933 Rs 4-0
- Juristic Personality of Hindu Deities, by S C Bagchi, LL D, being three lectures on the juristic nature of Hindu Deities delivered by the author as Asutosh Mookerjee Lecturer in 1931. The lectures develop Sir Asutosh Mookerjee's view that the Hindu Deity is not a juristic person for all purposes. Demy 8vo pp. 86. Re. 1-0
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- of juristic personality. Dr. Bagelii his argued from old Sandrit texts that a Hindu deity is not a complete juristic per orbits. Mr. Justice Maniarth and Mookherjee seems to think with regard to Dr. Bagelii's lectures that he has been the first in the field to introduce a line of thought which has clarified the position and enabled one to look at the question from a proper angle of vision. With this estimate of Dr. Bagelii's contribution to the question there will be general agreement. We commend these lectures to all serious students of the fundamental concepts of Hindu Law '-The Lorward, May, 28, 1934.
- "Dr Bagchi's Juristic Personality of Hindu Deities is not only a learned but a luminous discussion of the subject it deals with , we are glad to have from him a comprehensive and fully up to-date exposition of an important branch of Hindu Law "—The Hindusthan Review, August, 1934

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Summary of contents 1 Recent and present tendencies in the Development of International Law 2 Development of Conventional International Law, the Hague Conventions 3 Development of the Conventional Law of Maritime Warfare, the Declaration of London 4 Development of International Aerial Law 5 Interpretation and Application of International Law in Recent Wars 6 Interpretation and Application of International Law during the World War 7 The Treaties of Peace (1919) and International Law 8 Progress of International Arbitration 9 Development of other Agencies for the Peace able Settlement of International Disputes 10 Development of International Legislation and Organisation 11 Development of International Court of Justice 12 Progress of Codification 12 The Reconstruction of International Law

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In this interesting book the author demonstrates the elaborate code of International Law and military usages which existed in Ancient Ind.a, and a cursory glance will show that the Ancient Indian usage in this matter was much more elaborate and much more humane than that followed by all nations of antiquity and even by nations of Modern Europe

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Current International Co-operation (Readership Lectures in the Calcutta University, 1927), by Manley O. Hudson, Bemis Professor of International Law, Harvard University. Crown 8vo pp 153 Rs. 2-0.

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The European Alliance: 1815-25, by Prof G K Webster, MA, Litt.D., FBA Royal 8vo pp 94. 1929. Re 1-8.

In these lectures delivered before the University the author describes the European Alliance in the light of recent researches in British and European archives. The last- is devoted to a comparison with the League of Nations

#### IX. LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

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- \* Sanskrit Vyakaran (in Bengalı), Revised by Muralydhan Banerjee, MA, and Prabhatchandra Chakravarti, MA, PhD. D/C 16mo pp 312 Rs 2-0
- \* Balavataro or an Elementary Pali Grammar. Revised edition by Sailendianath Mitra, M.A. Demy 8vo pp 122 Re 1-0.

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- Manoel da Assumpcam's Bengali Grammar: Facsimile Repint of the Original Portuguese with Bengali Translation and Selections from his Bengali-Portuguese Vocabulary Edited and Translated with Introduction, by Suniti Kumai Chatterji, M.A. (Cal.), D.Lit. (Lond.), Khaira Professor of Indian Linguistics and Phonetics, Calcutta University, and Priyaranjan Sen, M.A., Lecturer, Post-Graduate Department, Calcutta University 1931 D/F'cap 8vo pp 50+136 With three Plates Full Cloth, Rs. 4.

Manoel da Assumpçam, a member of the Biotherhood of Saint Augustin in the congregation of Eastern India, was a Roman Catholic Missionary from Portugal who ministered to the Bengali and other mixed Christian community in the district of Dacca early in the 18th century. He was the author of a Bengali Grammar in the Portuguese Language, which was supplemented by Bengali-Portuguese and Portuguese-Bengali vocabularies, and this work was published from Lisbon in Portugal in 1743. The Bengali words are given in the Roman character, following the Portuguese pronunciation of the letters. This is the oldest printed book dealing with the Bengali language Padic Assumpçam was also the author of a Bengali translation of a Roman Catholic Catechism which seems to have been published in the same year. N. B. Halhed's Bengali Grammar published from Hughli in 1778 is the first book to employ Bengali types, and the present work is a quarter of a century older than Halhed's book.

Padre Assumpçam's Grammar is valuable from the philological point of view. It gives the Dacca dialect of about 200 years ago, and the system of Roman transcription of Bengali words is important from point of view of Bengali Phonology. The work is rare, and the present edition has been made from the copy in the library of the British Museum. The text is a facsimile reprint of the original edition, page by page and line by line. A Bengali translation, the work of Mr. Sen, is given

opposite, and there is an introduction in Bengali by Prof S K Chatterji A selection from the Padre's interesting and important vocabulary is also given

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- W G Lacey, Esq, ICS, Census Superintendent, Bihar and Orissa, writes I have no doubt that it will serve a most useful pur pose the general get-up of the book appears to be admirable "
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Selections from Avesta and Old Persian. First Series, Part I, by I. J S Taraporewala, BA., Ph D, Professor of Comparative Philology, Calcutta University. Demy 8vo pp 255 Rs 6-0.

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Philosophy of Sanskrit Grammar, by Prabhatchandra Chakravartı, M.A., Ph D. Demy 8vo pp. 358. 1930. Rs. 5-0.

In this unique work the author has made a comprehensive study of the philosophical aspect of Sanskrit Grammar mainly making use of the materials from the Mahābhāsya and the Vākyapadiya. The book deals, among other interesting things, with the origin of grammatical conceptions, the fundamental principles of grammar, the theory of Sphota and the relation of grammar with other systems of thought. The author has succeeded in showing that grammar was studied in ancient India not as a collection of indefinite Sutras but the Hindu grammarians occupied themselves with speculations on the philosophical side of language and grammar. Here one will find, the reasonable account why the science of grammar was elevated to the dignity of Agama and Smriti and considered as a system of thought by itself broadbased on strictly philosophical principles.

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- Desinamamala, A critical edition in Sanskrit of the text and commentary of the Desināmamālā of Hemachandra with an Introduction (in English) and Index to the text and commentary, by Pandit Muralydhar Banerjee, M A Royal Svo pp 336+Intro li 1931. Rs 6-0
- The Linguistic Speculations of the Hindus, by Prabhatchandra Chakravaiti, MA, PhD Demy 8vo pp 511. 1933 Rs 6

Contents Introductory Philosophy of Language Origin of Speech Evolution of Sound Sentence Parts of Speech—Division and Denotation of Words Roots

The Sanskrit Language Präkrit and Apabhramsa Sound and Sense History of Word and Meaning Logic and Language

In this interesting work the author, who is well-known for his grammatical researches, deals with so vast and abstruse a subject as the linguistic speculations of the Hindus The cask he has taken upon himself is to set forth clearly and scientifically the important speculations of the Hindus regarding the various problems of the linguistic science, and occasionally to bring them in line with the theories and observations of the modern philolo-What will first strike one's notice is the antiquity of Indian speculations on language Just as Indians may take pride in possessing one of the oldest languages as their glorious heritage, so they may be bold enough to assert that speculation on language had their origin in India in a very remote period of human history. It has been stated "Long before Aristotle's division of words into "Parts of Speech," the Indian etymologists conceived of the fourfold classification of words (Catvan padajatani) and made it sufficiently clear that all words were capable of being derived from verbal roots "The linguistic speculations of the Hindus comprise a vast field of study One will find here how seriously Indian teachers occupied themselves with the problems of language and how valuable have been the contributions of India to the development of Philosophy of Language The phenomena of speech were wonderful enough to rouse their keen interest and intensive study. The study of Sanskrit has not only opened up a new vista for the student of Comparative Philology, but it has also shown how the ancient

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  - Prof J Wackernagel, of the University of Basle (Switzerland) —"I thank you very much for it and congratulate you on your performance. The book is of great interest to me and will prove to be of great use for my own studies"
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Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society, January, 1926, pp 123 124 (re vised by Prof J Charpentier)—"The lengthy papers by Mr P C Chakra varti, on 'the Linguistic Speculations of the Hindus' is, in general, far beyond the criticism of the present writer who pleads to be more or less

unacquainted with the detailed theories of the Vaiyākaranas, Naiyāyikas and Mīmāmsakas. But it seems that the author has stated his points in a fairly clear way, and given an analysis of the often very intricate linguistic speculations belonging to the ancient Schools of Hindu Grammarians and Philosophers which is not wholly out of reach of the outsiders. There is a great interest attached to the part of the work dealing with the very ancient idea of the eternity of the  $V\bar{a}k$ , that this idea does in reality belong to the oldest set of Hindu speculations has for long seemed clear to me, from quite different reasons."

Bulletin of the School of Oriental Studies (London Institution), Vol IV, Part II, Nov 1926, pp 377-379 — "This work is an interesting contribution to the history of Linguistics and is an attempt to bring into a consistent whole the linguistic theories of ancient Hindu Philosophers and Grammarians. The author gives a fairly complete exposition of Hindu theories on the origin of language and his treatment of the well-known controversy on the eternity of sound shows considerable freshness and sound judgment. Attention may also be drawn to the very interesting record of speculations on the nature of the sentence and on the relation between the stein and the suffix."

The Hindustan Review (Patna) — "Prof Prabhatchandra Chakravarti, MA, PhD, who had submitted a thesis of his linguistic researches for the Piemchand Roychand Studentship, has considerably enlarged it by several additional matters in the publication—The Linguistic Speculations of the Hindus (The University of Calcutta, Calcutta) The author while giving an analysis of linguistic speculations belonging to Hindu grammarians and plilosophers of ancient schools has done well to set forth such speculations regarding the various problems of the linguistic science. The book is a masterpiece of research"

Listy Filologické (Journal of Philology), 1926, p 191—An interesting study of the views of Indian grammarians on the origin and evolution of the old Indian language has been written by Prabhatchandra Chakrabarti (Linguistic Speculations of the Hindus, a reprint from the 12th Volume of the Journal of the Department of Letters, published by the Calcutta University)

The work is divided into two parts. In the first part the author, who is a lecturer in Sanskrit of the Calcutta University, has sifted the theory of the different grammarians on the origin of the Sanskrit language. It is known that the language had with the Hindus become very early a subject of very deep study. We can recognize, from the morphology of the text of the Vedas and from the Pratisakhyas and Yaska's Nirukta as well as from the later Paninian Astadhyayi and Patanjali's Mahabhasya, that in India also the question whether the language has been given to mankind by the will of God (isvareccha) or has originated as a product of human ingenuity (indriga nitigan vacanam), had been discussed. But Mr. P. C. Chakrabarti has anew shown that even the old Hindu theoreticians as Yaska and others were very well aware of the difference between the literary language and the spoken tongue, and that the so called Sanskrit had been at a certain period a language really spoken, but later it was spoken by the educated class only as it asserts itself from the assertion of Patanjali. The author also rightly discusses about the relation of the Vedic tongue to Sanskrit, of the relation of Sanskrit to the Pre Sanskrit languages, and about the intrusion of foreign words into Sanskrit. But the assertion that the Prakritic languages have originated directly from Sanskrit (ride p. 131) is not right Certain pre Sanskrit forms as the Nominative Plural Masculine, Prakrit aho (Pali ase), Instrumental Singular a in the astein, Instrumental Plural Prakrit clin (Pali chi), the Pronominal form ainhe, etc., have shown that Sanskrit is a sister tongue of the Prakrit languages

In the second part the author discusses semantics. Indian grammarians beginning already with Yaska had regarded not only the form of the word, but the meaning as well. The Indian grammarians also have considered the relation of the word and its significance, whether the significance is in the word as its inherent power (saltil) or it has been assigned to it by some will

(sanketena) Alieady Bhartiliari's Vakyapadiyam stipulates that the uncertain significance of the word issues from (1) sentence, (2) coherence, (3) meaning, (1) propriety, (5) place and (6) time (vakyad, prakranid, aithad, wentyad, desakalatah). Thus, if we at meal-time say saindhivam anaya, it is evident we are asking for salt. Although, sundhavah means Hoise as well.

The author then discusses the change of significance, synonyms, the transferring of meaning and of accidence, always on the basis of the conclusions of Hindu theoreticians. The treatise is plain reading, almost without misprints and it is a very valuable supplement to Sanskrit gramma tical study.

## Elements of the Science of Language, by I J S Taraporewala, B A, Ph D Demy 8vo pp 520 Rs 10-0

- "The book is primarily intended for Indian students having interest in a subject universally regarded as 'diy,' and consequently extremely uninteresting. The author has tried to bring home various examples to the students by choosing them from Indian Languages. His main object is to lead on our students through familiar paths. The very full Index is another valuable feature of the book, which makes it a ready work of reference'
- 'I can easily appreciate the pains you have been at and the usefulness of the book to Indian students. I have really seen no book like it "—Dr. P. E. Dastoor, M.A., D.Lit., Department of English, University of Alla.
  - "I am impressed by the comprehensive and scholarly manner in which the rich material is handled "-Prof A V W Jackson, Professor of Induction Languages, Columbia University, New York
  - "I have read it with great profit I can quite understand that it is a great boon for Indian students to have your book instead of the issual books on the subject which deal chiefly with European languages."—

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  - "I have read the book from cover to cover with great interest. It is an excellent summary of the results which scholarship has obtained in the various branches of a many sided subject "— $Prof\ E\ J\ Rapson,\ M\ A$ , Prof of Sanskrit, University of Cambridge
- "I had it highly enlightened all round the subject, with a clear philo sophical grasp of the principles and a sound historical conception of the working of the different factors. I have recommended the book to one of my students. I think your students were fortunate in receiving ins truction so sound and stimulating "—Prof F W Thomas, MA, Boden Prof of Sanskrit, University of Oxford
  - Such a work must have taken a good deal of your time. It will indeed be most useful especially for Indian students who have so little in English on the subject "—Prof R L Turner, M A, Prof of Sanskrit, London

#### 2. BENGALI

Bangla Bhasha-Tattwer Bhumika, by Prof S'K Chatterp, MA, DLit (Second edition revised) D/C 16mo pp 184+16 1933 Rs 2-0

Third Edition Revised and Enlarged (in the Press)

Two Papers, in Bengali, on the fundamentals of Bengali linguistic and racial history and on some principles of Bengali linguistics

History of Bengali Language, by Bijaychandra Mazumdar, B L, Lecturer in Anthropology, Comparative Philology and Indian Vernaculais in the University of Calcutta. Second Edition 1927 Demy 8vo pp. 323. Rs 7-0

The book gives a sketch, in broad outline, of the origin of the Bengali Language and the various influences linguistic, ethnic, social that shaped and moulded its earlier history.

In reviewing this book in the JRAS (1923, p 443) Dr L D. Barnett writes —" Mr Mazumdar's work on account of its learning, vigorous style, and bold deviation from currently accepted doctrines deserves a fuller notice than can be accorded to it here. Opening with a stout denial of Sir G Grierson's theory of the origin of Aryan vernaculars he maintains their derivation from the Vedic Language, and explains their variations as due to the influence of Non-Aryan speech, mainly Dravidian, in particular Bengali, Oriya and Assamese are in his opinion all primarily evolved from one and the same Eastern Magadhi Prakrit and the first two have been in fluenced in a secondary degree by Dravidian Speech. To us the most attractive Chapters are II—IV on the names Vanga and Bangla, the geography of ancient Bangla, with the connected regions Gauda, Radha, and Vanga VI on Bengali phonology and VIII—IX, a fine study of accent in Sanskrit and Bengali and of the Bengali metrical system, which is of especial value as the author himself has won high distinction as a poet in his native language On the whole it may be said that the book is most stimulating and suggestive, and that it presents a remarkable mass of interesting facts relating to modern Bengali."

History of Bengali Language and Literature (in English), by Rai Bahadur Dineschandra Sen, B A., D Litt. Demy Svo pp 1067 1911 Slightly worm-eaten. Reduced price Rs 11-8.

A comprehensive view of the development of the Bengali Language and Literature from the earliest times down to 1850 This book has very little affinity with the author's epoch-making Bengali work on the same subject, the arrangement adopted in the present work being altogether new and the latest facts, not anticipated in the Bengali treatise, having been incorporated in it. It has been accepted by orientalists everywhere as the most complete and authoritative work on the subject. The book is illustrated by many pictures including five coloured ones.

Sylvain Levi (Paris) "I cannot give you praises enough—your work is a Chintamani—a Ratnahara No book about India would I compire with yours "Rever did I find such a realistic sense of literature Pandit and Peasant, Yogi and Raja mix together in a Shakespearean way on the stage you have built up"

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The Times Literary Supplement, London, June 20, 1912 "In his narration, as becomes one who is the soul of scholarly candour, he tells those who can read him with sympathy and imagination more about the Hindu mind and its attitude towards life than we can gather from 50 volumes of impressions of travel by Europeans Loti's picturesque account of the rites practised in Travancore temples, and even M Chevrillon's synthesis of much browsing in Hindu Scriptures, seem faint records by the side of this un assuming tale of Hindu literature Mr Sen may well be proud of the lasting monument he has erected to the literature of his native Bengal"

The Spectator, June 12, 1912 "A book of extraordinary interest to those who would make an impartial study of the Bengali mentality and character—a work which reflects the utmost credit on the candour, industry and learning of its author. In its kind his book is a masterpiece—modest, learned, thorough and sympathetic. Perhaps no other man living has the learning and happy industry for the task he has successfully accomplished."

From a long review by II Kern in the Bijdragen of the Royal Institute for Taal (translated by Dr Kern himself) "Fruit of investigation carried through many years highly interesting book the reviewer has all to admire in the pages of the work, nothing to criticise, for his whole knowledge is derived from it"

The Empire, August 31, 1918 "As a book of reference Mr Sen's work will be found invaluable and he is to be congratulated on the result of his labours. It may well be said that he has proved what an English enthusiast once said that Bengali unites the mellifluousness of Italian with the power possessed by German for rendering complex ideas."

# Western Influence in Bengali Literature,, by Priyaranjan Sen, M A Demy 8vo pp 417 Rs. 5-0.

Contents Bengali Literature before Western Influence—Historical Background Channels of the New Influence Bengali's Favourite Authors Influence in Verse Forms Influence on Bengali Drama Influence in Prose Forms Influence on the Matter and Spirit of Literature Conclusion

"The author has chosen for his thesis a subject which for a long time has been waiting for adequate exploration by scholars. His work throws much light on the early stages of development of our literature and presents in a lucid manner a connected account of the formative influences that have helped in its self-expression. I hope that the author, will follow up his present work and deal with his subject in fuller detail. He is eminently fitted for this task because of his erudition and his gift of clear, and systematic 'exposition'—Rabindranath Tagore, in the Calcutta Review, Jan, 1933

"The book is a very valuable contribution to our knowledge of the listory of Bengali Literature and a mine of precious information. When going through it I have found so many interesting quotations and discussions that I am very glad I am in possession of the work. It will be of great use to me when I shall publish a new edition of my History of Indian Literature (in German) "—Dr. II V. Glascnapp, Professor of Indology, Koenigsberg University, Germany

<sup>&</sup>quot;The work is, in my opinion, remarkably interesting and instructive"

L D Barnett, School of Oriental Studies, London

- "Even to those who have no expert knowledge of the subject the work is of the greatest interest and reflects much credit on the research and critical acumen of the author. His moderation of expression and sanity of judgment deserve special recognition and the book is well worthy of the honour of being included in the ever lengthening list of important studies issued by the University of Calcutta"—Prof A Bernedale Keith, University of Edinburgh
- 'Mr Sen's book is not exactly in my line, but I have been very pleased by going through it. The author has dealt with the problem in a critical manner and has followed a right historical method throughout. The book is a very interesting and instructive one and there is not the least doubt that it will rank very high among the few existing works on the critical study of Bengali literature "—Prof R C Mazumdar, MA, PhD, Professor and Head of the Dept of History, Dacca University
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  The Hindu, Jan 9, 1933
- "The best thing about Mr Priyaran;an Scn's study is that with robust common sense he recognizes that Western influence has done immense good and exceeding little harm, and that Bengal can without fear continue to accept with both hands whatever other lands have to offer A literature and a mind as vigorous as those of this people can make whatever it takes into its own. It would be easy, as always, to suggest a little more fullness here

own It would be easy, as always, to suggest a little more fullness here
The poets and novelists of our own time are not altogether neglected
Mr Sen's work is pioneer work and has been well done "—The Times Literary
Supplement, March 29, 1934

## Bengali Ramayanas, by Rai Bahadur Dineschandra Sen, BA, DLitt Demy 8vo pp 335 Rs 7-8.

In this book the author advances certain theories regarding the basic materials upon which the Epic of Valmiki was built and the ideals presented therein as also the sources of the Bengali Ramayanas and the principles contained in them

The Times Literary Supplement, April 7, 1921—"The Indian Epics deserve closer study than they have hitherto received at the hands of the average Englishmen of culture Apart from the interest of the main themes, the wealth of imagery and the beauty of many of the episodes, they are store-houses of information upon the ancient life of India and a key to the origin of customs which still live Moreover they show many curious affinities to Greek literature which suggest the existence of legends common to both countries

The main theme of these lectures is the transformation of the old majestic Sanskrit epic as it came from the hands of Valmiki to the more

familiar and homely style of the modern Bengali versions. The Ramayana, we are told, is a protest against Buddhist monasticism, the glorification of the domestic home. The Bengali versions, by reducing the grandeur of the heroic characters, to the level of ordinary mortals, bring the epic within the reach of the humblest peasant, they have their own virtues, just as the simple narrative of the Gospels has its own charm, though it be different in kind from that of Isaiah's majestic cadences."

From a review in the Journal of Royal Asiatic Society by Sir George Grierson "This is the most valuable contribution to the literature on the Ramasaga which has appeared since Professor Jacobi's work on the Ramayana was published in 1893. The latter was confined to Valmiki's famous epic, and the present volume, from the pen of the veteran author of the History of Bengali Language and Literature, carries the inquiry on to a further stage and throws light both on the origins of the story and on its later developments".

The Vaishnava Literature of Mediæval Bengal, by Rai Bahadur Dineschandia Sen, BA, DLitt Demy 12mo pp 312 1917 Re 1-6

The book contains a connected history of the influence of Vaishnava Literature of the Mediæval Age on the development of Bengali Language, with concluding chapters on the relation between the Buddhistic and Vaishnava creeds and similarity between Vaishnavism and Christianity. It clearly shows how religion once played a great part in the building up of our national literature.

- William Rothenstein "I was delighted with your book I cannot tell you how touched I am to be reminded of that side of your beloved country which appeals to me most—a side of which I was able to perceive something during my own too short visit to India In the faces of the best of your countrymen I was able to see that spirit of which you write so charmingly in your book. So once more I send you my thanks for the magic earpet you sent me, upon which my soul can return to your dear land. May the songs of which you write remain to fill this land with their fragrance, you will have use of them, in the years before you, as we have need of all that is best in the songs of our own seers in the dark waters through which we are steering."
- From a long review in the Times Laterary Supplement, 26th April, 1918—"It is an authentic record of the religious emotion and thought of that wonderful land of Bengal which few of its Westein rulers, we suspect, have rightly comprehended, not from lack of friendly sympathy but simply from want of precisely what Mr Sen better than any one living, better than Sin Rabindranath Tagore himself, can supply "I
- J L Anderson, Esq, Professor, Cambridge University "I have read more than half of it I propose to send with it, if circumstances leave me the courage to write it, a short Preface (which I hope you will read with pleasure even if you do not think it worth publication) explaining why, in the judgment of a very old student of all your works, your book should be read not only in Calcutta, but in London, and Paris, and Oxford and Cambridge I have read it and am reading it with great delight and profit and very real sympathy."



Typical Selections, Vol. I.



- \* Yaishnava Padabali, by Rai Bahadur Dineschandra Sen, BA., D Litt., and Rai Bahadur Khagendranath Mitra, MA Royal 8vo pp 170 Rs 2-4 ·
- \* Jataka Manjari, by Rai Saheb Isan Ch Ghosh, M.A Royal 8vo pp 340 Rs 2-8
- Chaitanya and His Age (Ramtanu Lahırı Research Fellowship Lectures for 1919 and 1921), by Rai Bahadur Dineschandia Sen, BA, DLitt, with a Foreword by Piof Sylvain Lévi Demy 8vo pp 453 1922 Rs 6

The book gives a complete and consistent history of Chaitanya, his religious views, and of the sects that follows his religion, with an account of the condition of Bengal before the advent of the great subject of the memoirs. Everything dealt with in the book is based on old authority

Chaitanya and His Companions, by Rai Bahadur Dineschandra Sen, BA, D Litt Demy 8vo pp 341 Rs 2-0.

The book presents short life-sketches of Sri Chartanya and his Bhaktas with a general history of the Vaishnava doctrine and a comparative study of mysticism (occidental and oriental)

Vanga-Sahitya-Parichaya or Typical Selections from Old Bengali Literature, Edited by Rai Bahadur Dineschandra Sen, BA, DLitt In two parts Royal 8vo pp 2087 1914 Rs 16-12

These volumes contain specimen writings of known or unknown Bengali authors from the ancient times down to the middle of the eighteenth century, thus showing the development of the Bengali style and Bengali language. The meanings of old and difficult words and phrases have been fully given on each page in foot-notes. Several beautiful coloured pictures illustrate the Volumes.

Sir George Grierson 'Invaluable work That I have yet read through its 1900 pages I do not pretend, but what I have read has filled me with admiration for the industry and learning displayed. It is a worthy sequel to your monumental History of Bengali Literature, and of it we may safely say, 'finis coronat opus' How I wish that a similar work could be compiled for other Indian languages, specially for Hindi'

Folk Literature of Bengal, by Rai Bahadui Dineschandra Sen, BA, D.Litt Demy Svo pp. 404 Rs. 4-4.

In this book the author traces the sources of Folktales and through the mirror of some of these tales shows the ancient customs and thoughts of the people of Bengal the materials of hidden historical knowledge which may go a great way towards the reconstruction of a history of this province

Eastern Bengal Ballads Mymensingh, Vol I, Part I, by Rai Bahadui Dineschandia Sen, BA, DLitt. Royal 8vo In two parts, complete in 900 pages 1926 Rs 7-8

This volume contains an English rendering of the original Bengali ballads with an introduction by the compiler in Part I and the Bengali text in Part II. There are eleven pen-and-ink sketches attached to the work and a literary map indicating the position of the villages connected with the incidents of the ballads has been appended to Part I. The excellence of these ballads which reveal altogether a new find of supreme interest in the field of old Bengali literature has been attested to by European critics and Loid Ronaldshay says in the Foreword written by him that "these ballads should prove a mine of wealth alike to the philologist and the historian and last, but not least, to the administrator who seeks to penetrate the inner thought and feeling of the people"

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- Eastern Bengal Ballads (Maymansingha Gitika), Vol I, Part II Royal 8vo pp 376 1923 Rs. 5-0.



A Clunon of Isha Khan with inscription

- Purva-Banga Gitika, Vol II, Part II (Edited with Introduction and Notes), by Rai Bahadur Dineschandra Sen, BA, DLitt (with 21 illustrations) Royal 8vo pp 585 1926 Rs 5
- Purva-Banga Gitika, Vol III, Part II (Edited with Introduction and Notes), by Rai Bahadui Dineschandra Sen, BA, DLitt (with one til-colour and 23 one-colour illustrations) Royal 8vo pp 577. 1930 Rs. 5-0
- Purva-Banga Gitika, Vol IV, Part II (Edited with Introduction and Notes), by Rai Bahadui Dineschandia Sen, BA, D Litt. Royal 8vo pp 548 1932 Rs 5-0
- Satya Pirer Katha, edited by Nagendianath Gupta Demy 8vo pp 73 1930 As 8.
- Kavikankan Chandi, Part I, Edited by Rai Bahadui Dineschandra Sen, Charuchandia Baneijee and Hrishikesh Basu Royal Svo pp 350 1924 Rs 6
  - In the preface of the book there is an interesting account of the original manuscripts of the Chandikavya preserved in the temple of Singhabahini attached to the house of the poet at Damunya The present edition which is based on a copy of the original manuscripts brings the poem up to the story of Kalaketu
- Kavikankan Chandi, Part II, Edited by Rai Bahadur Dineschandra Sen, Charuchandra Baneijee and Hrishikesh Basu Royal 8vo pp 685 1926 Rs 6
- Chandimangala-bodhini or Notes on Kavikankan-Chandi, Part I, by Charuchandia Baneijee Royal 8vo pp 672
- Do. Part TT, by the same author Royal 8vc- pp 425
  Rs 4-8

Kavikankan-Chandi is one of the most important books of the Middle Bengali Literature for many reasons it may be considered to be an historical document about the social, religious, 12 political, economical, commercial and ethnological conditions of the 16th century Bengal In the two volumes of the Bodhun or the Commentary, Mr Charuchandra Banerjee, who is also one of the joint-editors of the text of Kavikankan-Chandi, has given a very elaborate commentary on the text, with philological notes, and has traced the history of the principal gods and goddesses of the Hindu pantheon from the very earliest times up to the present times, the social history of the times, the political and other conditions of the then Bengal as may be gleaned from the book. For these reasons these two volumes have become an indispensable guide in the field of Old and Middle Bengali researches and in editing any other book of those periods

- Govindadas's Karcha (Edited with elaborate Introduction and Notes), by Rai Bahadur Dineschandra Sen, B A, D Litt Roval 8vo pp 103 1926 Re 1-8
- Gopichandra, Part I, Edited by Bisweswai Bhattacharyya, BA, Roi Bahadui Dineschandra Sen, BA, D Litt, and Basantaranjan Ray, Vidvatballabh Roval Svopp 311 1922 Rs 4-8
- Do. Part II Royal Svo pp 434 1924 Rs 6

It is a recension of the story of Raja Gopichandra, one of the greatest pre-Moslem legends of Bengal, as taken down from oral recitation in Northern Bengal. The text has been supplemented by different other recensions from Bengal, as printed by other scholars

Sahajiya Sahitya, by Manındıamohan Basu, M.A. Demy 8vo pp 206 1933 Rs 2

<sup>'</sup>শতাধিক সহজিয়া পদ এবং বৈষ-ব সহজিয়া সম্প্রদায়েব তিনধানা আদিগ্রন্থেব বিবৰণ সহ সঞ্চলিত। নর্বব্রেই প্রযোজনীয় টীকা সন্মিবিষ্ট হইয়াছে। বৈষণ্য সহজিয়া ধর্ম সন্ধরে প্রকৃত জ্ঞান লাভ কবিবাব পক্ষে এই গ্রুস্থ সতীব মূল্যবান, ইহাতে সন্দেহ নাই।

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- Dina Chandidaser Padabali, Part I (in Bengali), by Manindramohan Bose, M.A. D/C 8vo pp. 386 1935 Rs. 5
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- 5 Rai Bahadur Jaladhar Sen, Editor, Bharatvarsa-
- "এতদিন পৰে আপনার দীন চণ্ডাদানের পদাবলার প্রলিখিত পাণ্ডিত্যপূর্ণ স্বশৃদ্ধলাবন্ধ ভূমিকা পড়ে আমার সকল মন্দেহের অবদান হথেছে, আমি স্থিব দিন্ধান্তে উপনীত হথেছি। এ জন্ত আপনাকে নর্বাস্তঃকবলে অভিবাদন জানাচ্ছি।"
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- 7 Mr Nalını Nath Das Gupta, M A (Sır Asutosh Mookerjee Gold Medallıst)—
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The book gives a history of the development of the Bengali alphabet. It is a valuable contribution to Indian Palæography

Glimpses of Bengal Life, by Rai Bahadui Dineschandia Sen, BA, DLitt Demy Svo pp. 321. Rs. 4.

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Harilila, edited by Rai Bahadui Dineschandra Sen, B.A.,
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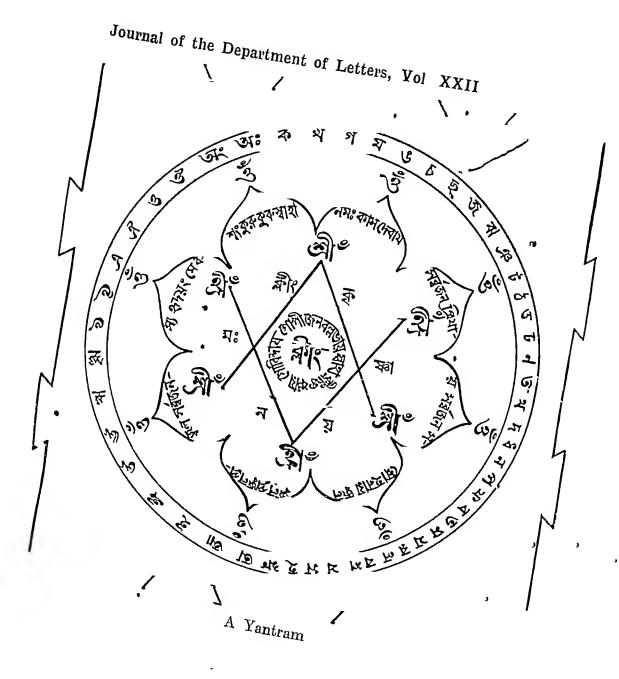
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                         October 28, 1931
            From a letter to the Registrar from Professor A Pringsheim of the University of Munich (translated into English)
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An Introduction to the Geometry of the Fourfold, by Surendiamohan Ganguli, D Sc Demy 8vo pp 445 1934 Rs 6-8

The fascinating manner of exposition by which the notion of a four-dimensional space has been gradually introduced and the various new concepts explained will tempt even a non-mathematical student to know something of this Id In view of the wide scope of the subject, e representative topics have been selected, sufficient give a general outline of the growth of knowledge woıld some representative topics have been hypergeometry, and those interested in the will find in it much of the materials, collected and summaused so clearly and succinctly, necessary for a thorough grasp of Attention may be called to the excellent the subject-matter arrangement of materials and the lucid exposition of the various angle-concepts, properties of curves, surfaces and hypersurfaces in a fourfold. In fact, the work is admirably adapted to its purpose and is expected to be very helpful to workers in the field of hypergeometry

Prof E T Whittaker says —"Since its arrival, I have been leading it with much appreciation and admiration. The plan are excellent, the exposition clear, and the author well acquainted with the original memoirs in which the subject has been developed. It is in my opinion worthy of high recommendation."

- Selected Problems of Differential Geometry (Calcutta University Readership Lectures, 1930), by Prof W.

  Blaschke Royal 8vo pp 42 Re 1
- Khandakhadyakam, edited by Pandit Babua Misia, Jyotishacharyya. Demy 8vo pp 217 1925. Rs. 2

The book is an astronomical work by the great Scholar Biahmagupta. It contains the commentary called Vāsanā-Bhāsya by Āmaiāja. This is the only available work which describes one of the two systems of astronomy as taught by Āiyabhata I (born 476 AD), generally known as Ārdharātrika system and is different from the Audayika System as taught in his Aryabhatiyam. It was widely read by Arab Scholars and was known by the name of Alarkand. Hence it is a very important work on the History of Hindu Astronomy.

The Khandakhadyaka, an astronomical treatise of Brahmagupta, translated into English with an introduction, notes, illustrations and an appendix by Prabodhchandra Sengupta, MA, late Professor of Mathematics, Bethune

 $^{CALCUTTA}$  UNIVERSITY PUBLICATIONS

College, Calcutta, sometime Lecturer nomy and Mathematics, 8vo.pp <sub>XXX</sub>+204 1934 Rs 3-8  $C_{alcutta}$   $U_{niveisity}$ ın Indian Astro-Royal

Plof David Eugene Smith, Ph D of Teachers College, Columbia Unithe Scripta Mathematica, (August, 1934) — thus reviews the book

The name of Biahmagupta has long been known to students of manuscripts, to Hindu scholars through the Arithmetic and Mensuration, from the Sanskrit Colebiooke's Algebra with slings however general treatises on the Sanskrit (1817), and to each through has appeared in European steat that he was primarily an astionomer, closen field in European translation relating to this contributions to little that the second part will as European and European translation relating to this contributions to little that the second part will appear later.

The major topics discussed in the ten chapters are as follows. If On the mean and true positions of the star planets, I On the mean and true positions of the star planets, I On the On solar eclipses, VI On the positions of the noon; self-star planets, I on the positions of the noon; self-star planets, I clating planets, IX Corrections and new methods, X On the noon; self-star planets, X On the noon; self-star planets, I on the noon; self-star p

The work closes with three appendices. I Hindu Lum-solar astronomy of astronomical astronomy is that 'so far as the lumisolar astronomy is culators' astronomical constants, that Hindu astronomy is generally more respect in spherical astronomy. It has stronomy is generally more respect work processors may be an astronomy in the processor serious in the astronomy. It has given epicyclic theory and hindu mere call of formulas and the for which scholars applied to this science the growth the thanks of the only fifther accuracy of the computations and the computations and the surface of the satisfactory in the activity of the control of the part of the formulas and the for which scholars applied to this science the growth the thanks of the work processor by an astronomy critical discussion is an Indian Mathematics, and to chose who have control of the Research Fund and Astronomy created by the late Maharana Sir the thanks of both oriental and occidental leaders are due to the author, in Indian Mathematics and to those who have control of the Research Fund II of the Khandakhadyaka will appear in due time, being a matter of great II of the Khandakhadyaka Will appear in due time, being a matter of great

The Science of the Sulba (A study in early Hindu Geometry),

Demy 8vo pp 262.

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<sup>\*</sup>The right of publication of this book is held by the Cambridge University Press (Fetter Lanc, London, E C 4) on behalf of the Calcutta University and copies of the book may be had of the firm.

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History of Indian Medicine (Griffith Prize Essay for 1911), by the same author With a Foreword by Sir Asutosh Mookerjee, Kt, CSI, etc

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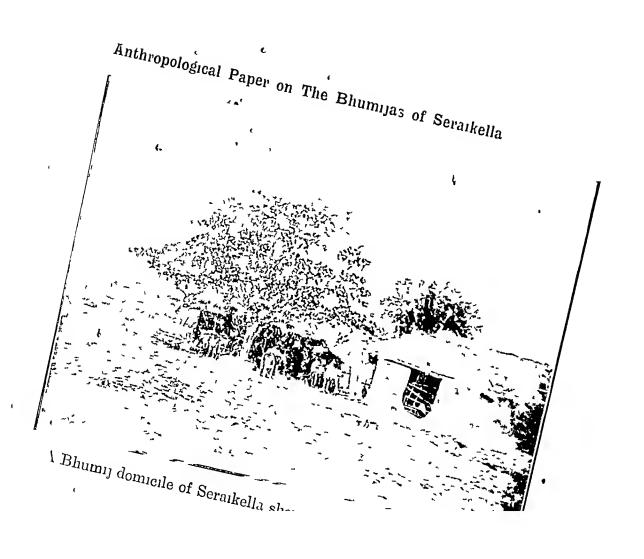
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This book was originally presented and approved as a thesis for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Yale University in Ethnic Psychology during the session 1929-30

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Besides other cognate matters, the book generally deals with race-origins, race-developments, and lace-movements, and differentiates, not only between Barbarous Races and Culture-Races, but also between Barbarous Races that were or are civilised and those that were or are uncivilised

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This noted scholar speaks of the author in his letter to him so many subjects without he This noted scholar speaks of the author in his letter to him to use your eyes. Very few have been able to overcome a handleap like this

Wonderful how you manage to write on so many subjects without being able so successfully as you have L E B Cobden Ramsay, Esq, CIE, writes to the Registrar, Calcutta  $U_{Dlversity}$ 

on the Aborigines of the Highlands of Central India  $^{C}$  Mazumdar's monogram

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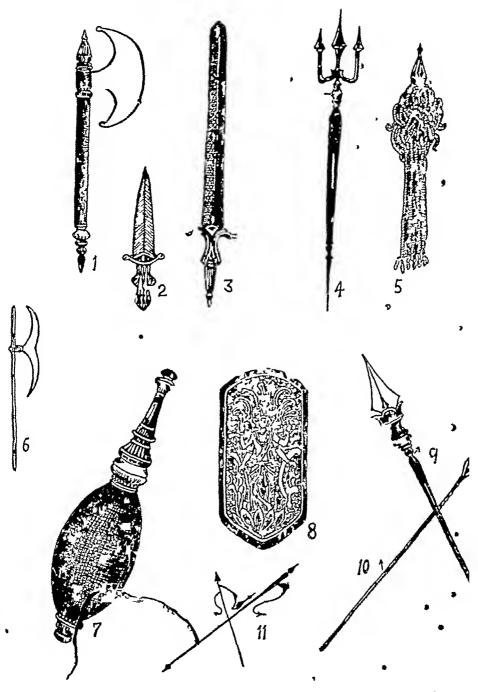
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- 1 Dr Sylvain Lévi "I have been simply delighted with your volumes of essays on the Bengali Society from old Bengali Literature. No book on modern history of India, as good as it may be, can compare with the picture you have given \* \* From materials collected with an untiring industry, you have built up something living, and full of life indeed. Years ago, I could see from your information on slips and sea trade, so kindly compiled on my request, that your place was among the best gifted young scholars of India. I can assure you that I constantly refer to your papers, whenever I do not happen to find exactly the information I am hunting for I come across facts and dates which prove important in some other lines. When your example may inspires a team of young workers who would do for the whole of India what you have so happily done for Bengal, then a real history of modern India can be written instead of local or imperial chronicles centering around rajas and padishahs, we shall get an image of Indian people, Indian life, Indian activity. Your charming chapter on birds comes as a lovely conclusion, you have not to apologise for it, but we have to thank you for this valuable addition."
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This book has been written with the object of restoring the purity of the great truths uttered by the ancient thinkers of India, which, unfortunately, has been obscured by a mass of prevailing misconceptions. It has been shown in this book that during the Upanishad period in India, as in other countries, two distinct philosophical currents, one idealistic and the other materialistic, ian side by side, and that the former ultimately emerged as the Atman Philosophy, while the latter reached its climax in nililism.

Brihat Banga (m Bengali), by Dr Dineschandra Sen, D.Litt (Hon), Rai Bahadui, Royal 8vo pp 1291 in two volumes Rs. 12

'Buhat Banga' (Greater Bengal), the latest work of Dr. Dineschandra Sen has 300 illustrations with an index of 64 pages. The author gives a comprehensive survey of the contents of the book in a long preface which also deals with many new points. Tracing the history of Greater Bengal from pre-historic epochs the work closes with an account of the Battle of Plassey and its sequel. Among the illustrations many are novel and original. The book lays particular stress on social evolutions, and literary, religious and artistic movements in the different periods of Bengal's national life.

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4 Luzac's Oriental List and Book Review, Vol XXXVIII, No 2, April-June, 1927—"The author of this work was appointed, in 1921, Research Assistant to Dr Dineschandia Sen and was allotted the task of collecting data of social life in Bengal from the old literature of that country. The present volume contains the main results of his labours arranged in chapter's according to subjects. It embraces a wide range of topics shipbuilding, commerce, architecture, waifare, war music, pastimes, clothes, ornaments and cooking, besides which there are some more general chapters on manners and customs and Hindu Moslem unity, the latter containing some instructive instances of the tendency of the two faiths—now a days rather sadly at variance—to coalesce. We read of Brahmins consulting the Koran to find out an auspicious day and of a Mahomedan poet dedicating his poems to Krishna.

The book is valuable as well as interesting. It contains a mass of care fully sorted out details never before made available with lists of technical words, articles of trade and the like which make it a most useful book of reference."

- 5 The Modern Review, February, 1928—"The author who has given several years for his labours as a Research Worker in the Bengah Department of the University of Calcutta has produced this monograph on this special subject. He has patiently and faithfully collected the materials on eleven topics, and those who depend on and are in need of such materials will derive much benefit from the work under notice.
- 6 The Times Literary Supplement noticed the work in its issue of Thursday, the 31st March, 1927, p 235, and the Journal of Indian History, Vol VI, Part I, April, 1927, similarly noticed it among select contents from Oriental Journals (p 139)
- A Bernedale Keith—"I have read Dr Das Gupta's work with much interest. It contains a remarkable amount of detailed information not available elsewhere. The author is to be congratulated on the care with which he has collected material and on the interesting manner in which it is piesented. Especial value attaches to the illustrations which add very greatly to the usefulness of the text. The work is a notable addition to the long list of important publications of the University of Calcutta."
- 8 Prof Dr M Winternitz—"This is one of the most interesting and valuable books that have lately come before my eyes. It throws a flood of light on the social, religious and cultural life of Bengal in former centuries. But far from being of interest only for the history of Bengal, it will be thankfully welcomed by all Indologists interested in the social history of India."
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- 10 Prof E J Thomas—"The work is of extreme interest not only for the social history of Bengal but also for the light it throws upon technical matters, in Bengali and other Indian literatures that need explanation. I hope that the author will continue his studies, which, with their exact references and personal investigations, will be of great help to all students of Indian culture"
- The Philosophy of the Upanishads, by Sureschandia Chakravorti, MA, BL, Advocate, High Court, Calcutta, Lecturer, Calcutta University Royal 8vo pp 288 Rs. 4.

Eastern India—Chandra Varman The Gupta dynasty Its early history The Lichchhavis Rajarshi Samudragupta (Vikramaditya II) Kalidasa, his court-poet (?) Batris Simhasana The extent of Vikramaditya II's power His conquests Lyre-type coins A list of Gupta Kings The later history of the Guptas The successors of the Lichchhavis The 'Aditya'' title Titles conferred by the Guptas Sasanka Gupta Assassination of Rajyavardhana Oppression on Buddhists by Sasanka and his remoise Minor kings of the Gupta dynasty Yasovarman Aditya Sena Bara Kamta Jayapida of Kashmir and his travel to Gauda The Gauda king and Lalitaditya of Kashmir Gauda body-guard to Kashmir Destruction of the image of Ramasyamin

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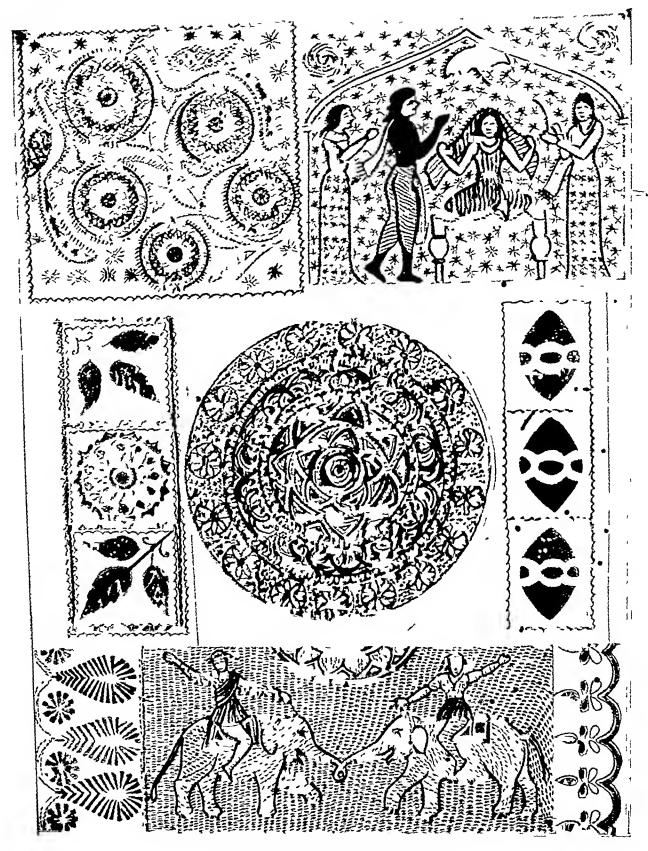
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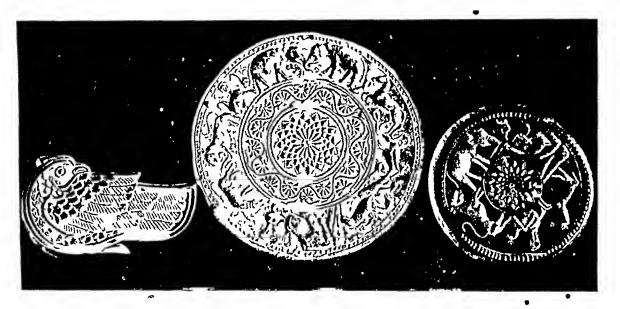
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Immanuel Kant on Philosophy in General (Translated with four Introductory Essays), by Humayun Kabir, Scholar of Government of Bengal at Exeter College, Oxford and Lecturer in Philosophy and English Literature, Calcutta University Demy 8vo pp 238 Rs 5

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the Department of Letters, Vol. XXVII Royal Svo pp 253 Rs 3

Evolution of Hindu Moral Ideals (Kamala Lectures delivered in 1934), by Sir P S Sivaswamy Aiyer K C S I, C I E, LL D Demy Svo pp 242 xxix Rs 2-8-0

The thesis of the author is the evolutionary character of the moral ideals of Hindus as embodied and reflected in their sacred laws, customs, social life and conduct. He shows that the moral rules and ideals which have obtained among them have not been immutable and stationary, but have changed, and are bound to charge, in the course of time in accordance, with their social and economic environments. The need for such adaptation is stressed as an essential condition of life in the modern world The author examines the defects and ments of Hinduism and the value of the contribution of Hindu thought to moral culture He discusses the influence of the doctrine of Kaima, the question of moral progress, the effect of the impact of western ideas and culture upon Hindu ideals, the drift of modern forces and tendencies and then bearing upon the future outlook of Eindu society. The subject is treated throughout in the light of comparative thought and in a spirit of detachment The author enforces his points by numerous references to parallel conceptions and practices in western countries

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contains a very good and concise rendering of Kant's philosophy in general, which, in this form, is hardly to be found anywhere else in Kant's writings, I think that Mr Kubir has done a very good service to the study of Kint's Philosophy in Anglo Saxon comptries in translating it into English

I have perused the introductory cosays and I have compared the translation with the original. I think that the essays are very well written and full of useful and important information. I find, the translation as far as I can judge, very good, correct and readable."

- W D Ross, Provost of Oriel College, Oxford —" Mr Kabir's work is an interesting contribution to the literature of Kant and likely to be of service to students of philosophy"
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- H W B Joseph, Oxford —"I have been reading the Introductory Essay since then, though not the translation, as I have not access where I write to the original text, and I may say that I read them with considerable interest, even if not with complete agreement. I remember being struck, when he was at Oxford, with the grasp he had of western modes of thought, and this book bears that out."
- Anthropological Papers, New Series, No. 4 (Reprinted from the Journal of the Department of Letters) Royal Svo pp 284 Rs 4
- A Genetic History of the Problems of Philosophy, by the late Muralydhar Banerjee, MA Developed and completed by his son Hiranmay Banerjee, ICS Royal Svo pp 308 (1935) Rs 3-8

The book is not so much a history of Philosophy, as the shaping out of a new system of Philosophy, based on a new method of its own, which it calls the genetic method of the treatment of philosophy. All problems of philosophy pass through the three stages of harmony, conflict and subsequent re-establishment of harmony, it compares and makes reference to all important systems, with regard to their viewpoints, about each problem. It holds forward a new theory of the totality of reality.

- Ideals and Methods of University Education in Germany, by Anna, Selig Calcutta University Readership Lectures, 1931 Demy 8vo pp 45 As 8
- The Self and the Ideal, by Rashvihaii Das, MA, PhD An essay in metaphysical constitution on the basis of moial consciousness Replinted from the Journal of

# Books in the Press

# **AUGUST, 1936.**

- 1 History of the Dengali Novel, by Prof Sirkumar Banerjee, MA, PhD
- 2 Problem of Minorities, by Dr Dhirendranath Sen, MA, Ph D.
- B. Towards a Systematic Study of the Vedanta, by Dr Saroj kumar Das, MA, PhD (Lond) •
- 4 The Evolution of Indian Industry, by Di Robinimohan Chaudhuri, MA, PhD
- 5 Water Supplies in Bengal, by Dr Nisikanta Ray, M B
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- 7 Paniniya Siksha, by Mr Manomohan Ghosh, MA
- 8 General Catalogue of Bengali Manuscripts, edited by Mr Manindramohan Bose, M A
- 9. Patua Sangit, edited by G S Dutt, Esq, ICS
- 10 Pramanachandrika English translation, by Dr & S K Maitra, M A, Ph D
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- 12 Kiishi-Bijnan, Vols I and II, by the late Rai Rajeswai Dasgupta, Bahadur
- 13 Progressism (Readership Lectures), by Prof E L Schaub
- 14 Prasthanabheda, by Madhusudan Saraswati, edited by Mahamahopadhyas Gurucharan Tarka-Darshana-tirtha
- 15 Vyaptipanchaka, by Pt Anantakumar Tarkatirtha
- A Cutical Study of the Life and Novels of Bankimchandra, by Di J K Dasgupta, MA, PhD
- 17 Journal of the Department of Letters Vol XXIX
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